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Towards trusted cloud computing

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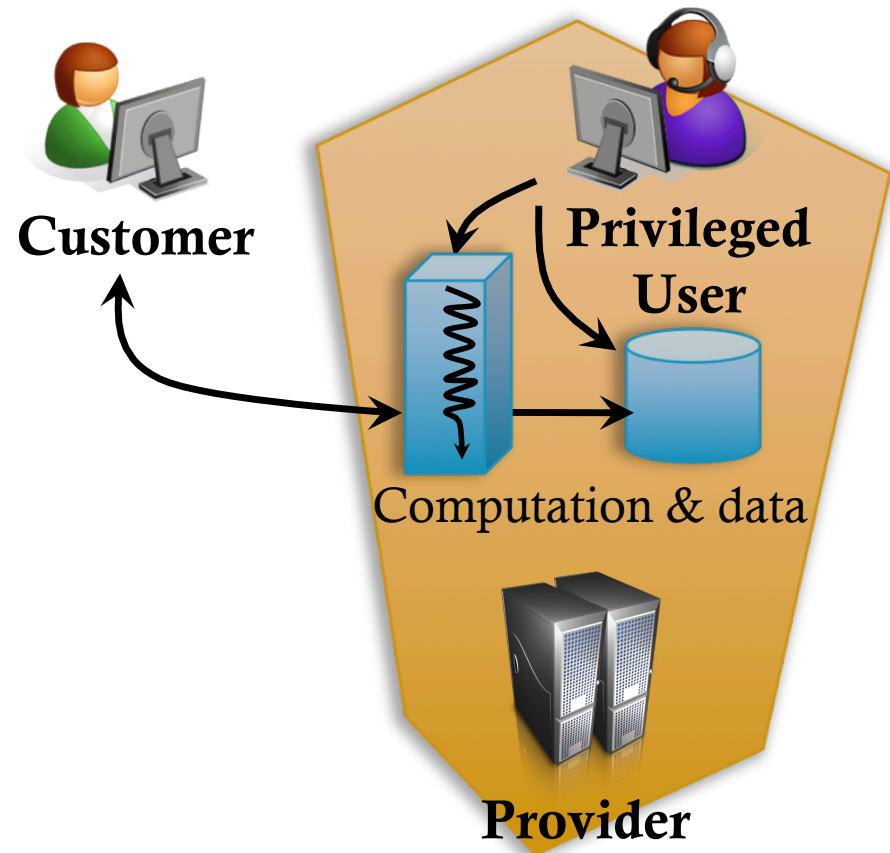


Cloud computing appealing but still concerns

- ◆ Many companies can reduce costs using CC services
- ◆ But, customers still concerned about security of data
- ◆ Data deployed to CC services can leak out

Potential data leakage at the provider site

- Customer pay virtual machine (VM) to compute data
 - E.g., Amazon EC2
- Privileged user with access to VM state can leak data
 - Accidentally or intentionally



Need solution to secure the computation state

- ◆ Encryption can secure communications and storage
- ◆ But, encryption *per se* is ineffective for computation
 - ◆ Raw data kept in memory during computation
- ◆ Provider benefits from providing a solution

Trusted Cloud Computing Platform

- ◆ **Goal: Make computation of virtual machines confidential**
- ◆ Deployed by the service provider
- ◆ Customer can verify that computation is confidential

The threat model: User with root privileges

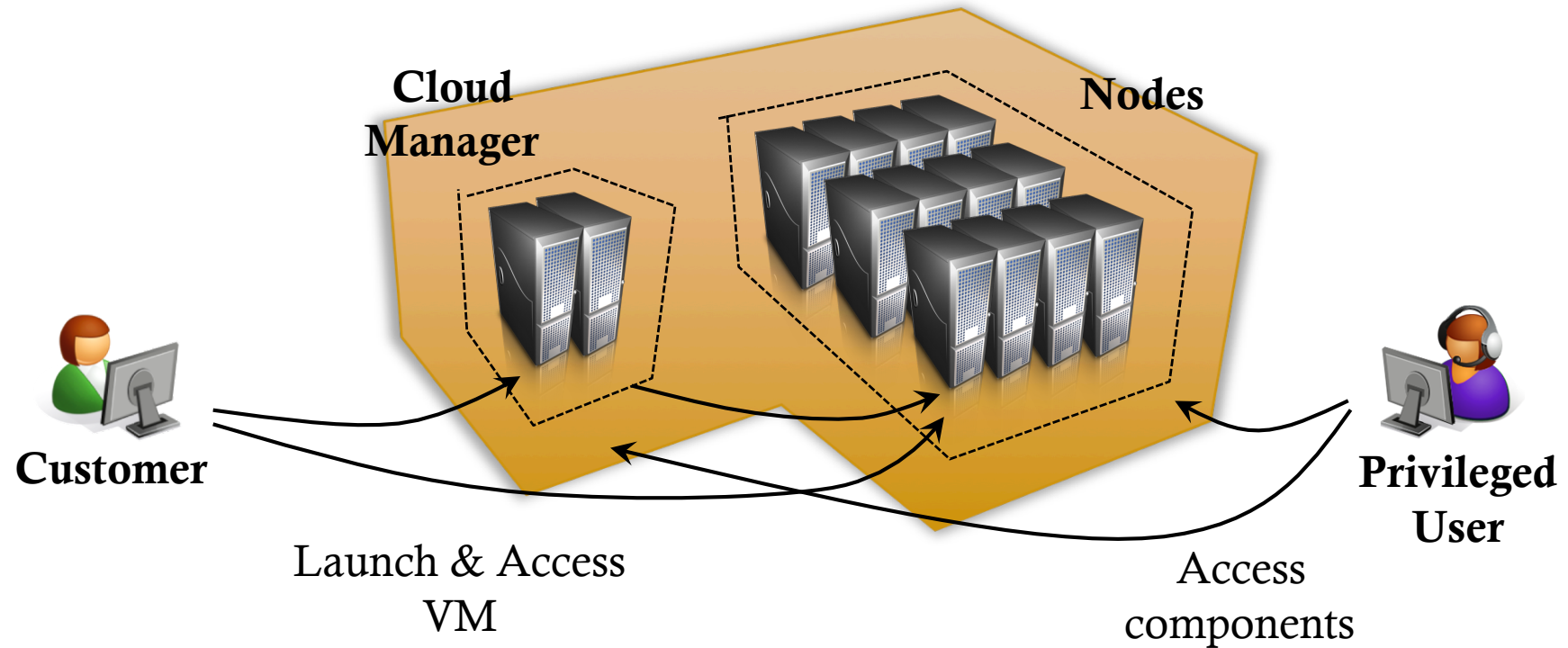
- ◆ Providers require staff with privileged access to the system
 - ◆ E.g., maintenance of software and workload
- ◆ **User with full privileges on any machine**
 - ◆ Configure, install and run software, remotely reboot
 - ◆ Setup attacks to access VM state

Rely on provider to secure the hardware

- ◆ Access to hardware can bypass any sw-based protections
 - ◆ E.g., cold boot attacks
- ◆ Leverage security protections deployed by providers
 - ◆ E.g., physical security perimeter, surveillance
- ◆ These protections can mitigate hw-based attacks

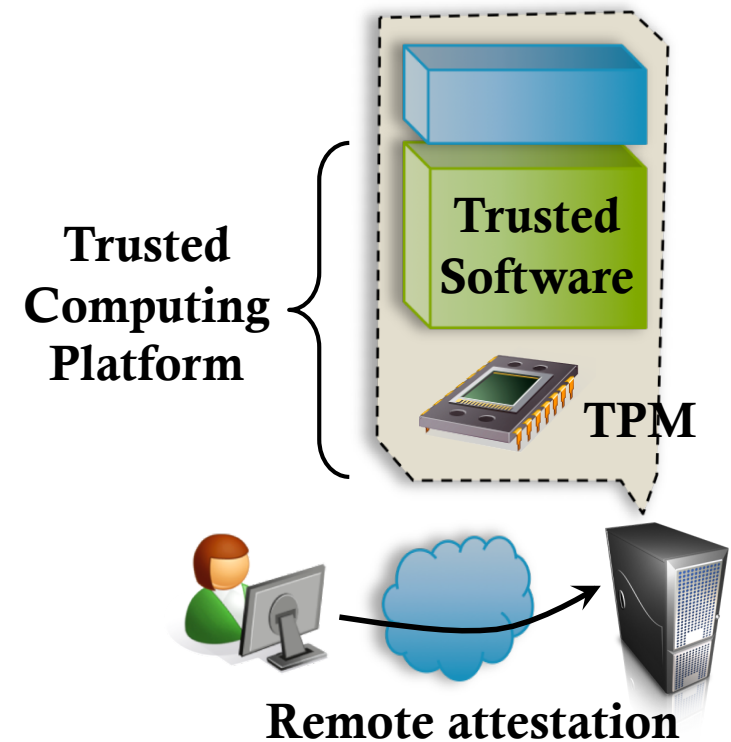
Model of elastic virtual machine services

Service Provider



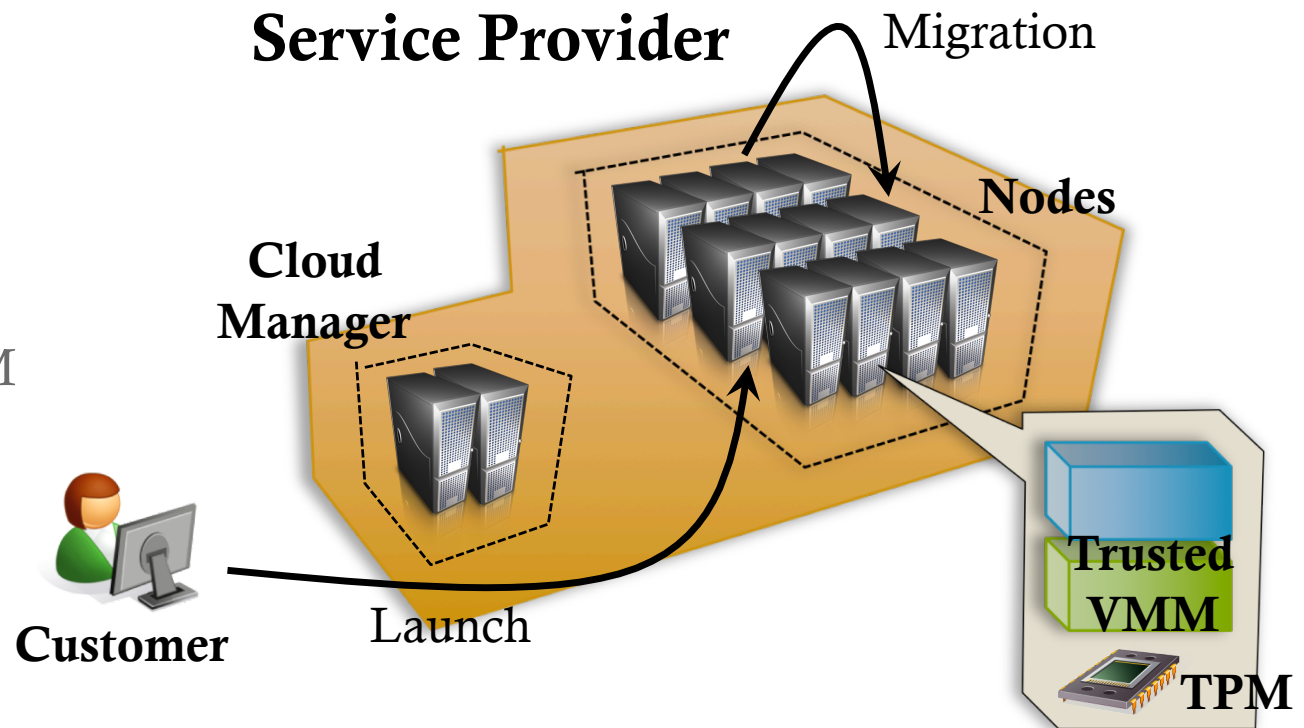
Trusted computing techniques are a good start

- ◆ Trusted computing platforms
 - ◆ Remote party can identify the software stack on host
- ◆ Trusted Platform Module (TPM)
 - ◆ Secure boot
 - ◆ Remote attestation



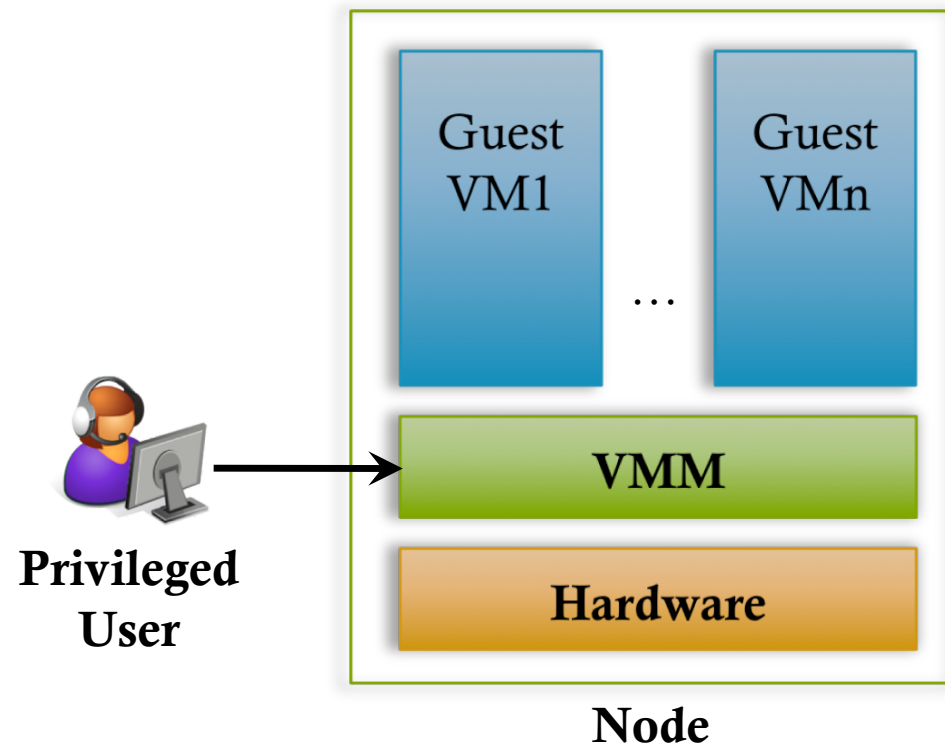
Our proposal: Trusted Cloud Computing Platform

- Trusted VMM
- Guarantee that VMs only run on nodes
 - With trusted VMM
 - Within security perimeter
- Secure launch & migration



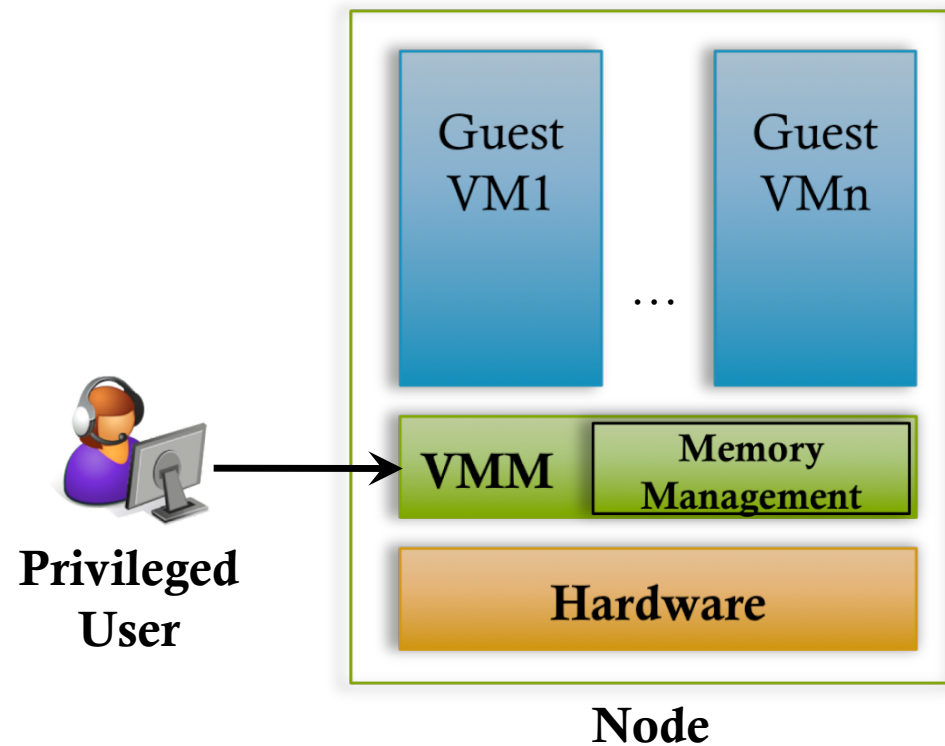
Issues with current VMMs

- ◆ No protection from privileged user
 - ◆ E.g., XenAccess
- ◆ Support operations that export VM state
 - ◆ Migration, suspension, etc.
- ◆ Large trusted computing base (TCB)



Challenges: Secure memory management

- ◆ Prevent guest VM inspection & keep TCB small
- ◆ Provide narrow interface for launching, migration, etc.
- ◆ Migration ensure destination is trusted
- ◆ Efficient
- ◆ Possible research: limit TCB to memory management



Summary: Trusted Cloud Computing Platform

- ◆ Prevent inspection of computation state at the service provider site
- ◆ Allows customers to verify that computation is secure
- ◆ Deployed with cooperation of the cloud provider

Thanks! Questions?

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