



Scaling Security for Big, Parallel File Systems

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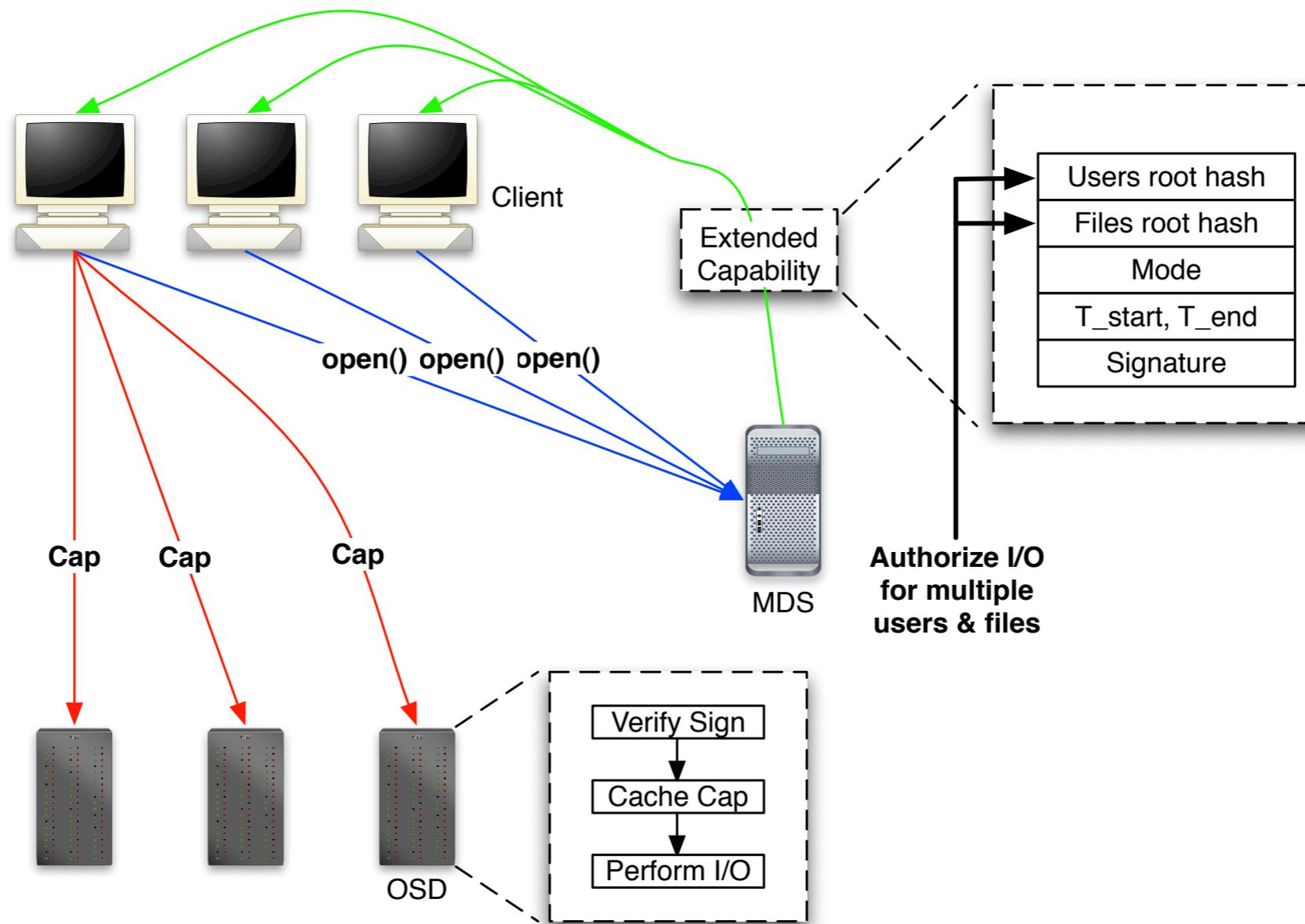


Motivation

- ❖ Large systems hard to secure
 - Upwards of hundreds of thousands of nodes
 - Peta- to exabytes of data, gigabyte size files
 - Files striped across thousands of devices
- ❖ HPC workloads are demanding
 - Highly Parallel
 - Bursty, flash crowds, short inter-arrival times
 - Large, long lasting I/O
- ❖ How do we scale security for such a file system?
 - **Maat** - security for big, parallel file systems



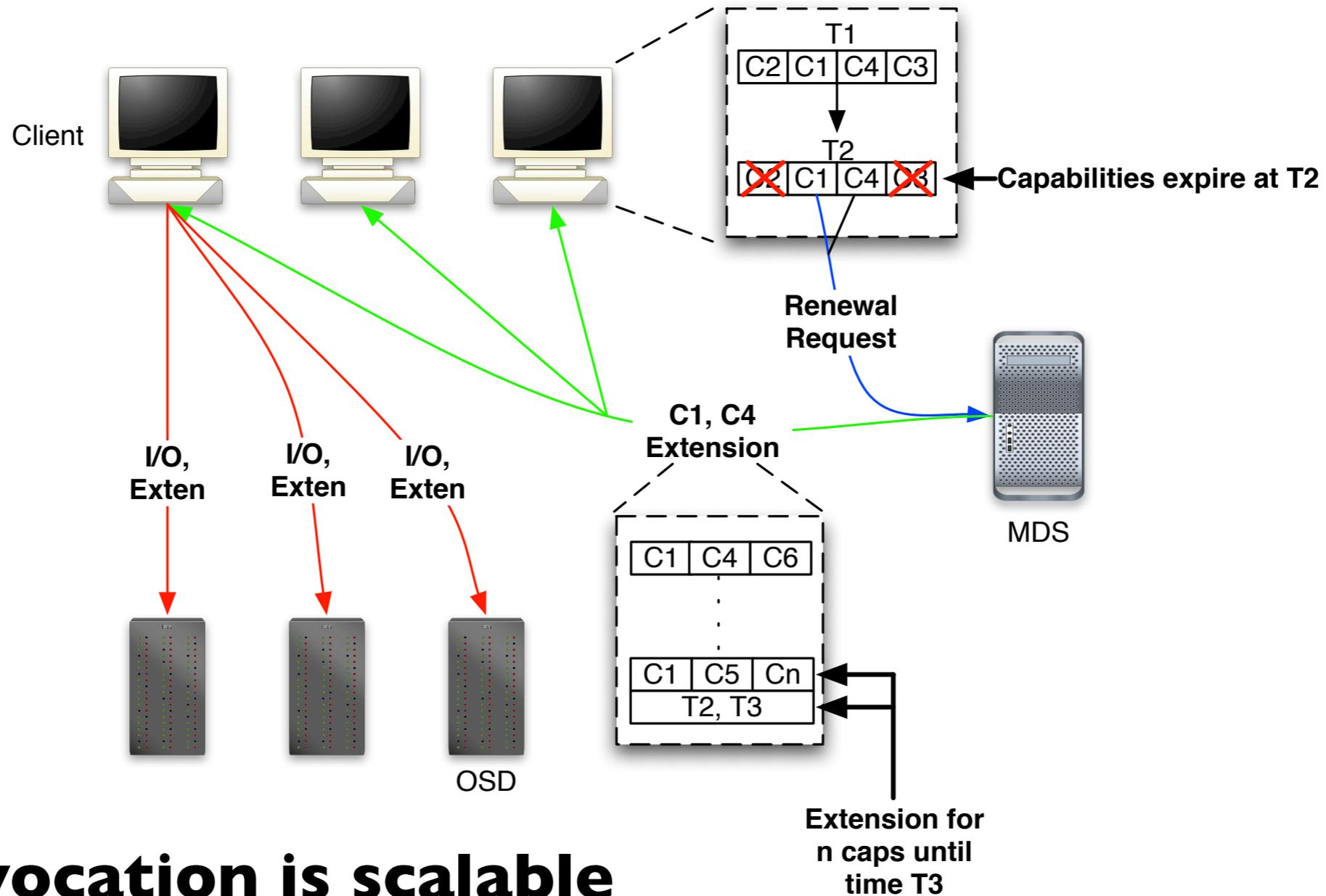
Extended Capabilities



- ❖ **Reduces capability generation**
- ❖ Authorize I/O for any number of users and files
- ❖ Secured w/ asymmetric cryptography
- ❖ Enforces confinement w/ Merkle hash trees



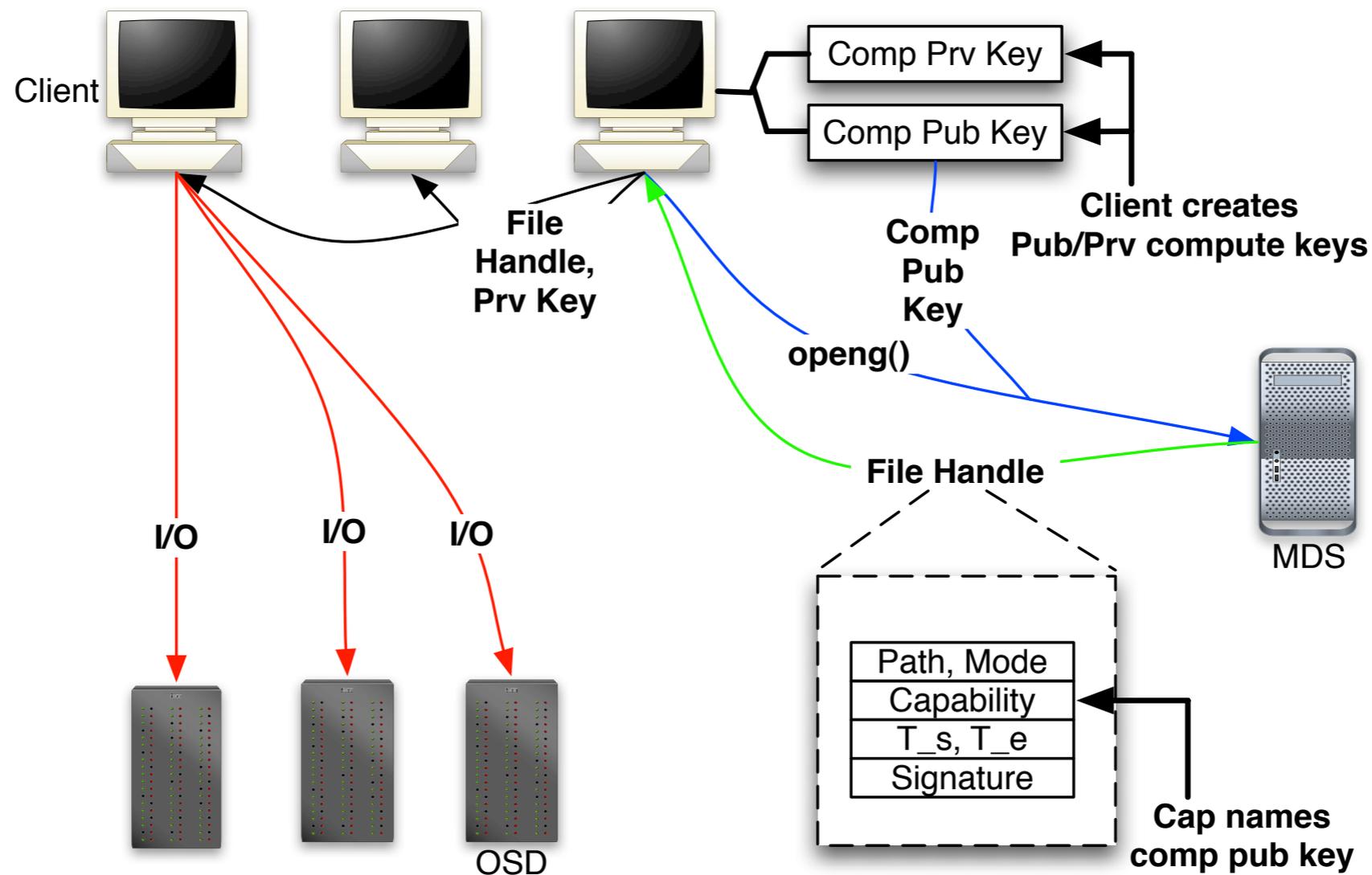
Automatic Revocation



- ❖ **Revocation is scalable**
- ❖ Capabilities have short lifetimes
- ❖ expiration = revocation
- ❖ Shift problem from revocation to renewal



Scalable, Secure Delegation



- ❖ **Secure group computation**
- ❖ Open a file on behalf of many
- ❖ Delegate key pair rather than capability alone
- ❖ POSIX I/O extension: `openg()` and `openfh()`



Status

- ❖ Initial design discussion in an earlier paper
- ❖ Being implemented in Ceph petascale, parallel file system
- ❖ Future work:
 - Scalable on-disk security
 - Explore untrusted remote storage
- ❖ Questions?