

# How Do I Manage All of This?!

Eliot Lear  
Cisco Systems

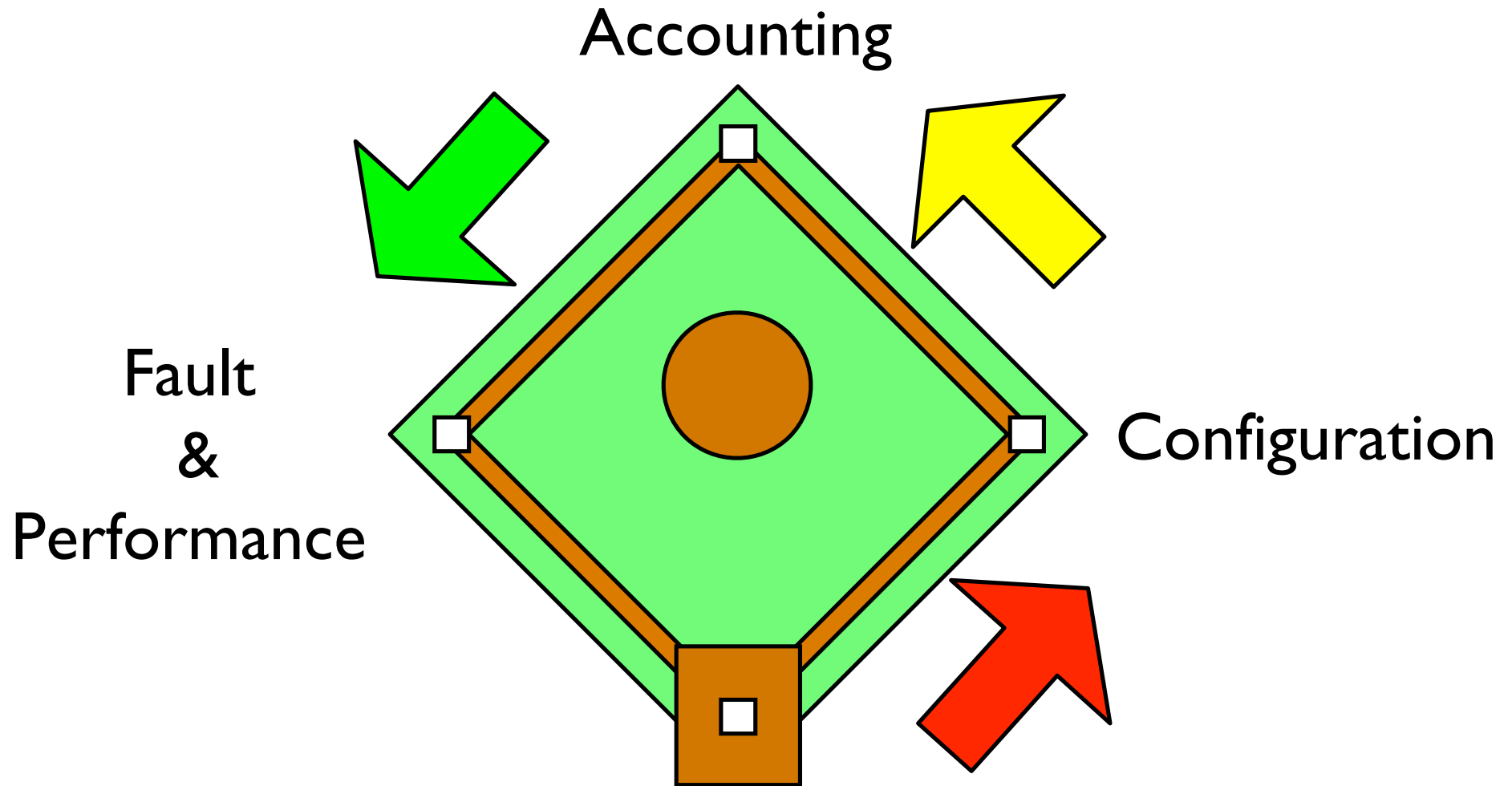
Why is all this management stuff  
important?

\$?

# Internet Management Goals

- 1987: Collect statistics and measure performance for non-critical systems
- Today:
  - Full customer facing provisioning, accounting, and performance management
  - Report and control predictable key functions, including front and back office services (this includes voice)

# State Of Network Management



# What's Changed Lately?

- Larger focus on security demands more focus on network management
- There are more network elements that can/should be managed
- Networks are getting more complex (voice, VPNs)
- We rely on them for more services

# To Manage...

To know and control.

# Knowing

- What you've got
  - Discovery
  - Inventory
- What state it's in
  - Fault & Performance

# Discover what?

YesterYear	Today
Routers	Routers, Switches, Cable modems
Hubs	Phones, SIP servers, NATs, firewalls
Printers	Wireless Access Points
Hosts	Content switches, hosts
	Printers, Faxes, Scanners
	VPN concentrators



# Discovery: Threat or Menace?

- Mechanisms:
  - Ping, ARP/ IP routing, CDP, SNMP, netstat, DNS, DHCP server, DOCSIS/Call Home

Active Hello vs. Passive Response

DNS-SEC

Layer 2 vs. Layer 3

Both network managers AND hackers  
LOVE discovery!

# Discovery

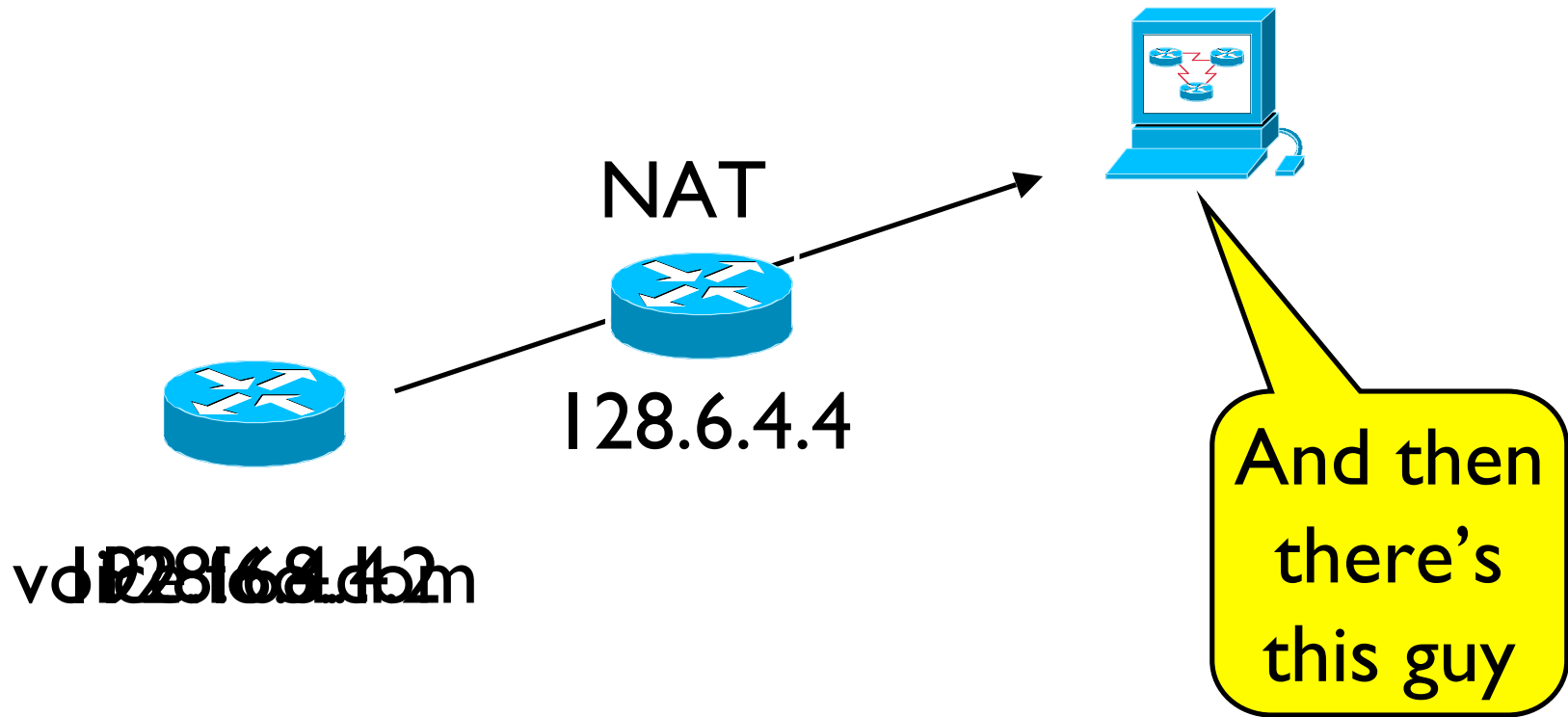
- Hackers love it more when network managers don't discover and they do!

Your network is discoverable. Don't make it hard for your NMS to discover it.

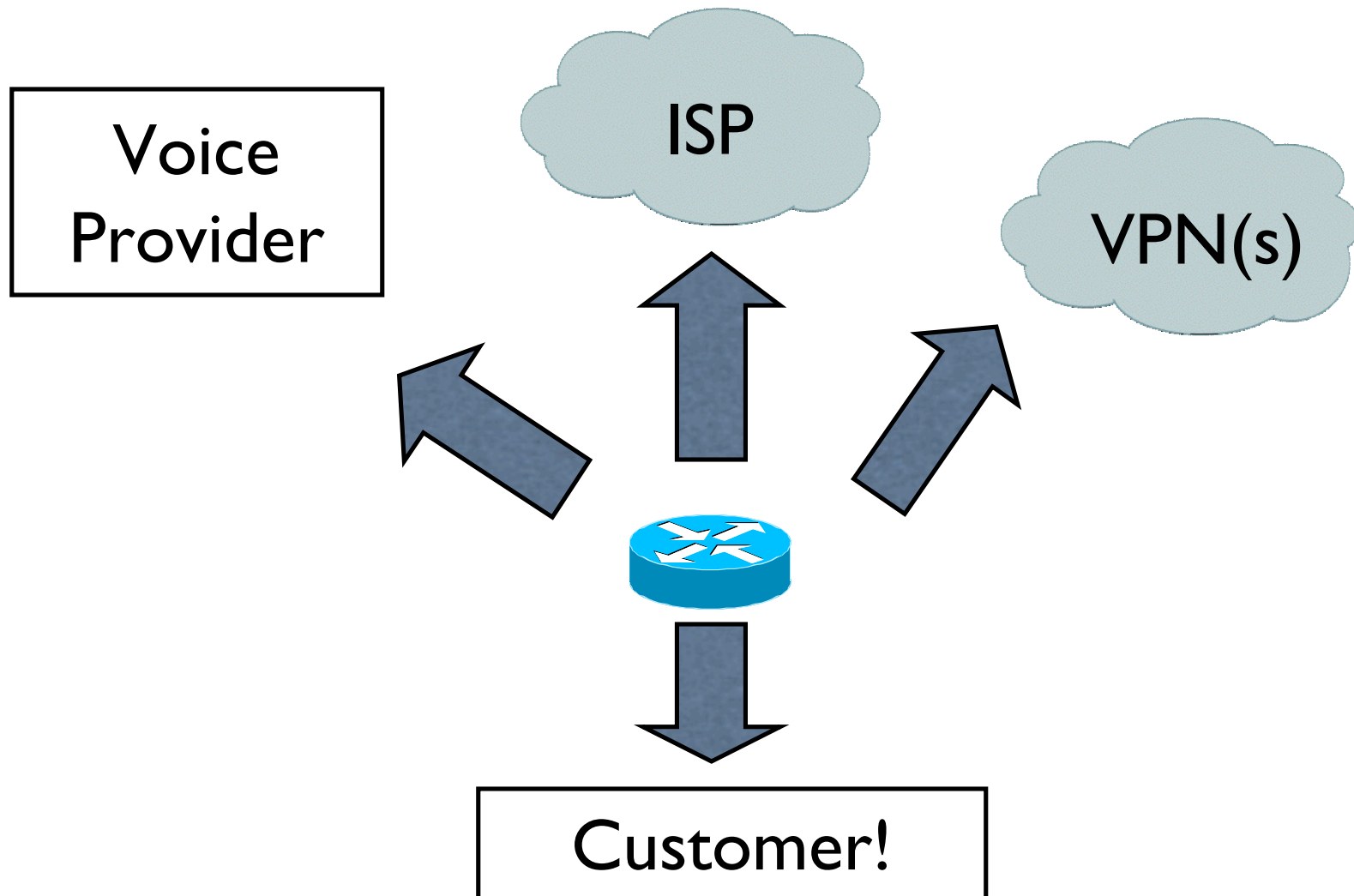
# Call Home Mechanisms

- There are multiple standards today (PPPoX, DOCSIS, proprietary). More coming.
- Service providers can only query their own infrastructure  $O(2000)$  elements).
- They need a way to manage part of the CPE configuration. PPPoX doesn't cut it.
- Big service providers have  $O(10^6)$  customers

# Who IS It?



# Nirvana or Nightmare?



# Knowing - Fault, Performance, and...



# Steady Improvement

- Most devices and many functions are instrumented (perhaps too much so)
- The standards for state retrieval and report have matured (SNMP v3, SYSLOG)
- Lots of tools out there (MRTG, Cricket, HPOV, Tivoli, CA, ...)
- Basic fault correlation is getting there...

# Or at least so I thought...

Reporting-MTA: dns;xbe-ams-312.XXXXXXXXXX.com

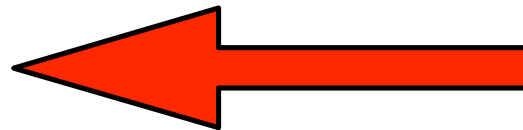
Received-From-MTA: dns;sj-iport-4.XXXXXXXXXX.com

Arrival-Date: Wed, 2 Jun 2004 13:25:11 +0200

Final-Recipient: rfc822;croot@**exch**.EXAMPLE.com

Action: failed

Status: 5.1.1



???????

End User Left Out of the Equation



# UNIX Fault Management

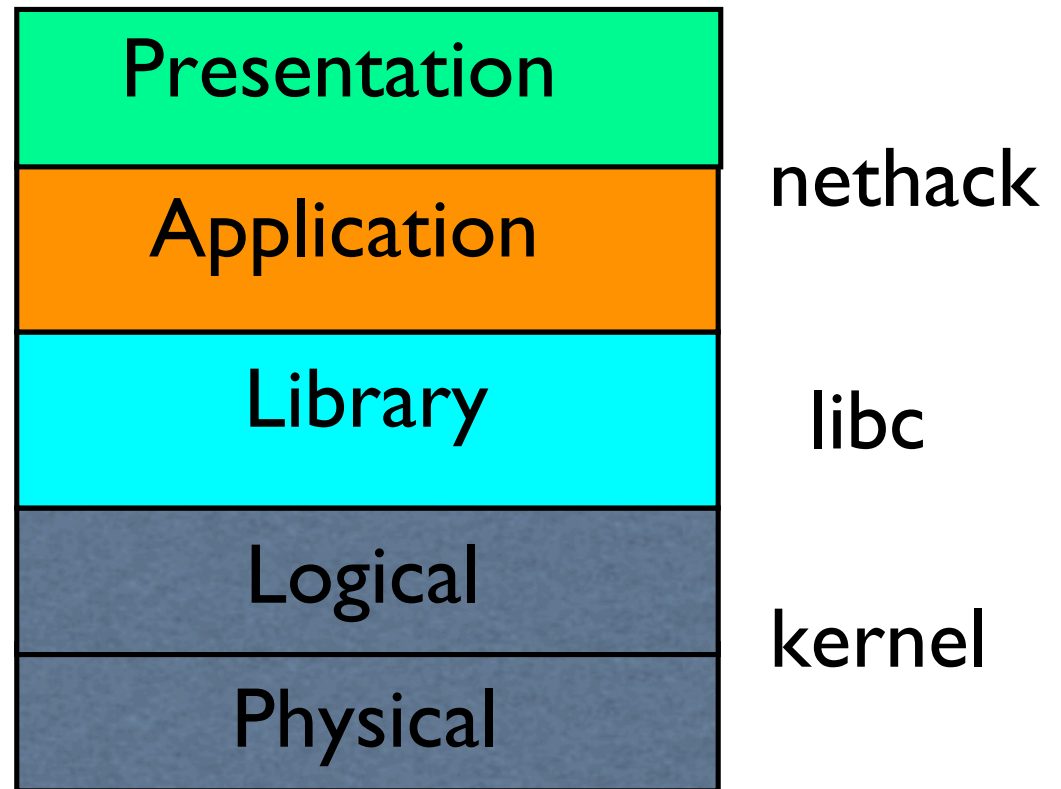
“A fault in your disk strikes- more”  
“You die.”

`fprintf(f, "%s", *s)=EPHYS`

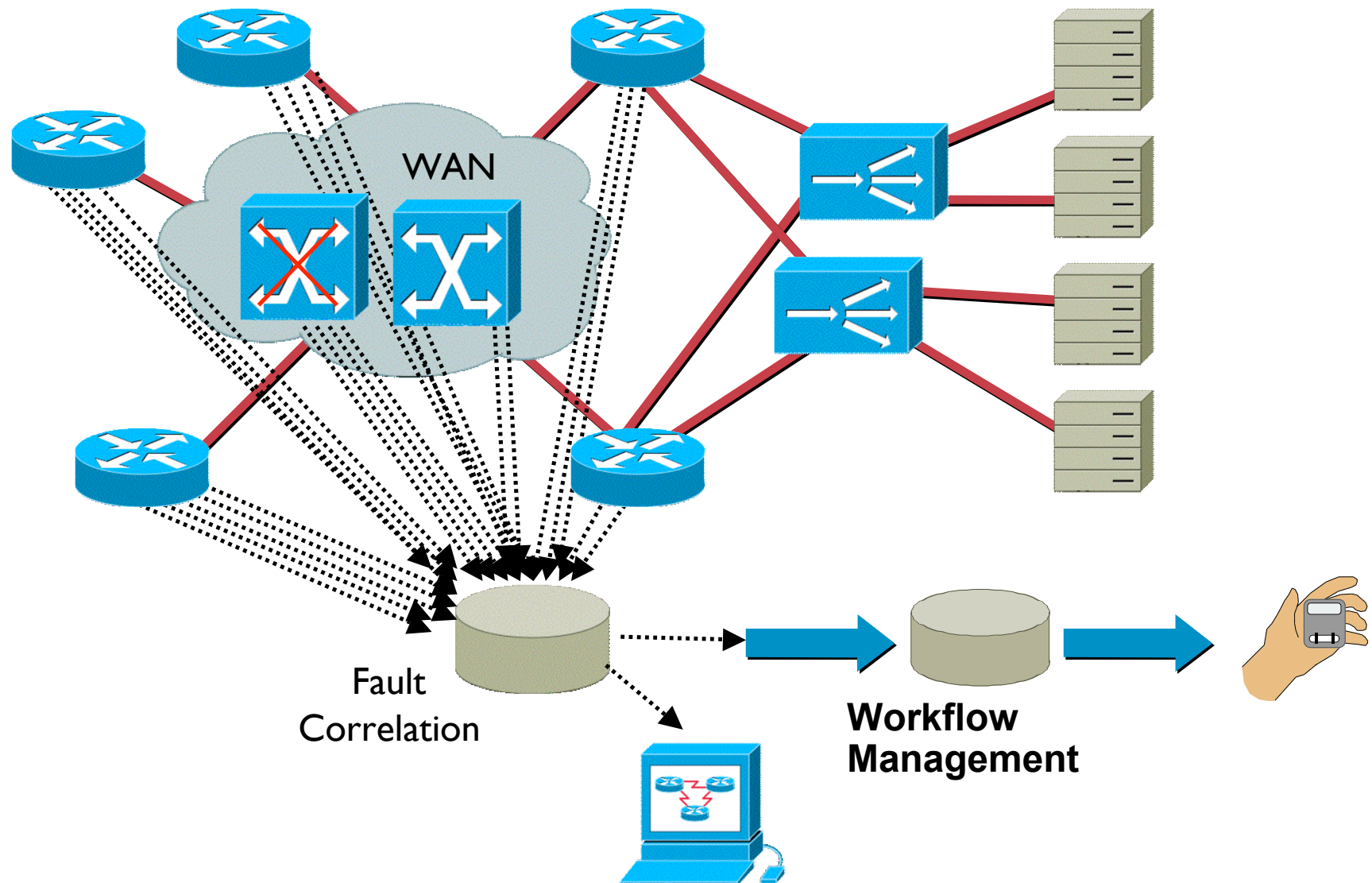
`_write(fp, data, size)=EPHYS`

`fswr(fs, sect, data)=EPHYS`

`phwr(D, sect, data)=EPHYS`



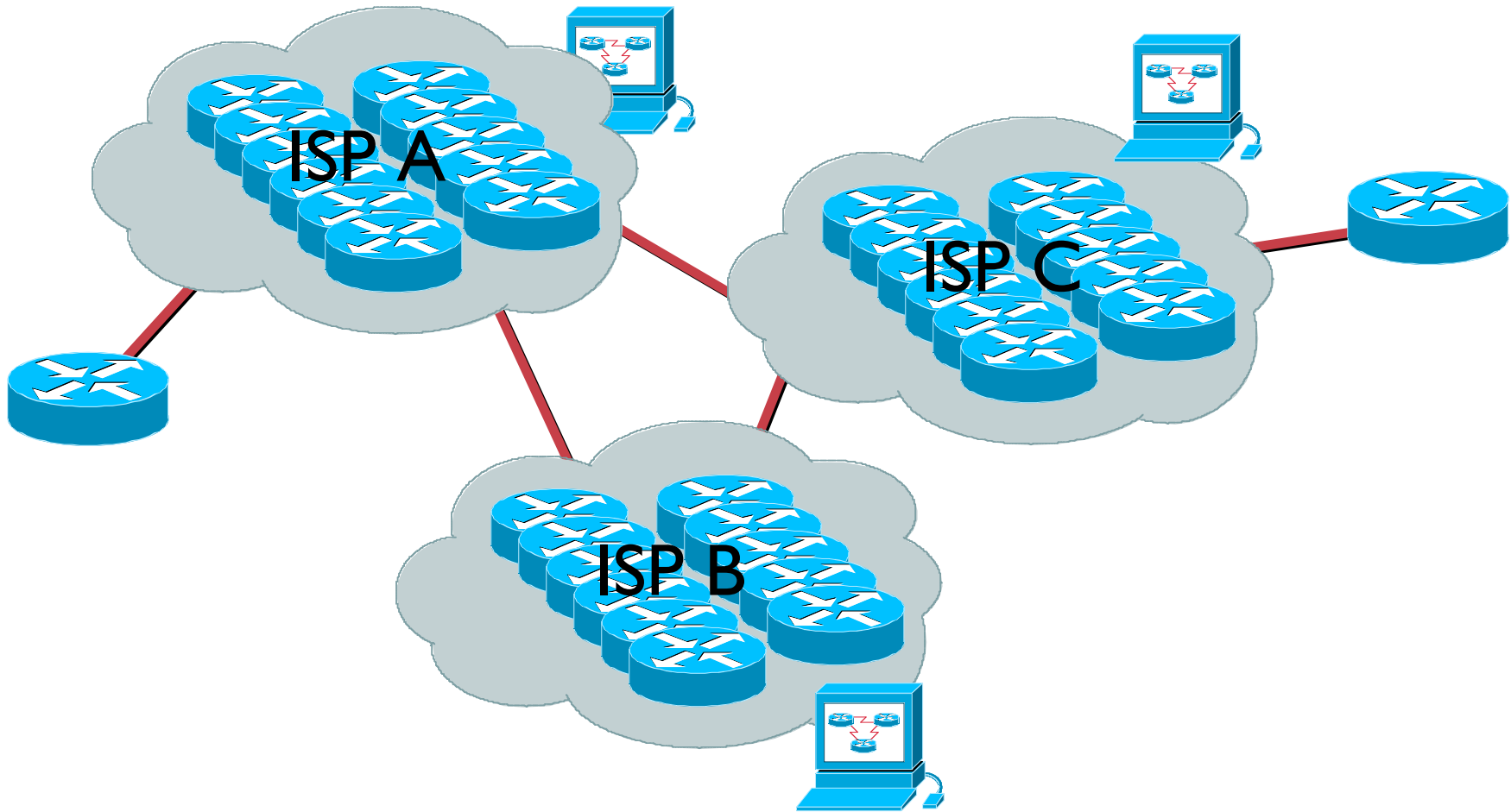
# Layering and multiplexing makes IP different



# Avoiding this...

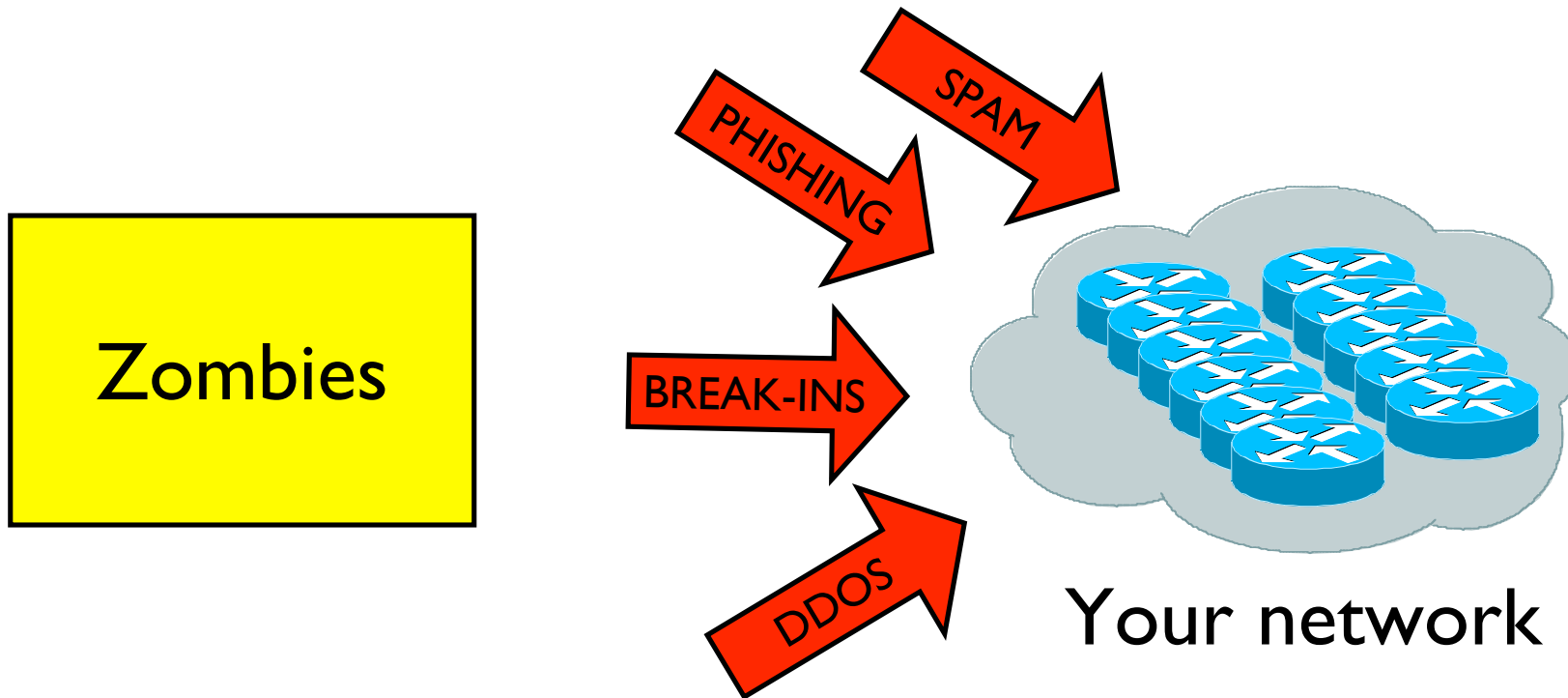


# Who's fault is it, anyway?



# And that's just “fault”

- It doesn't include security management



# IDS takes on a new role



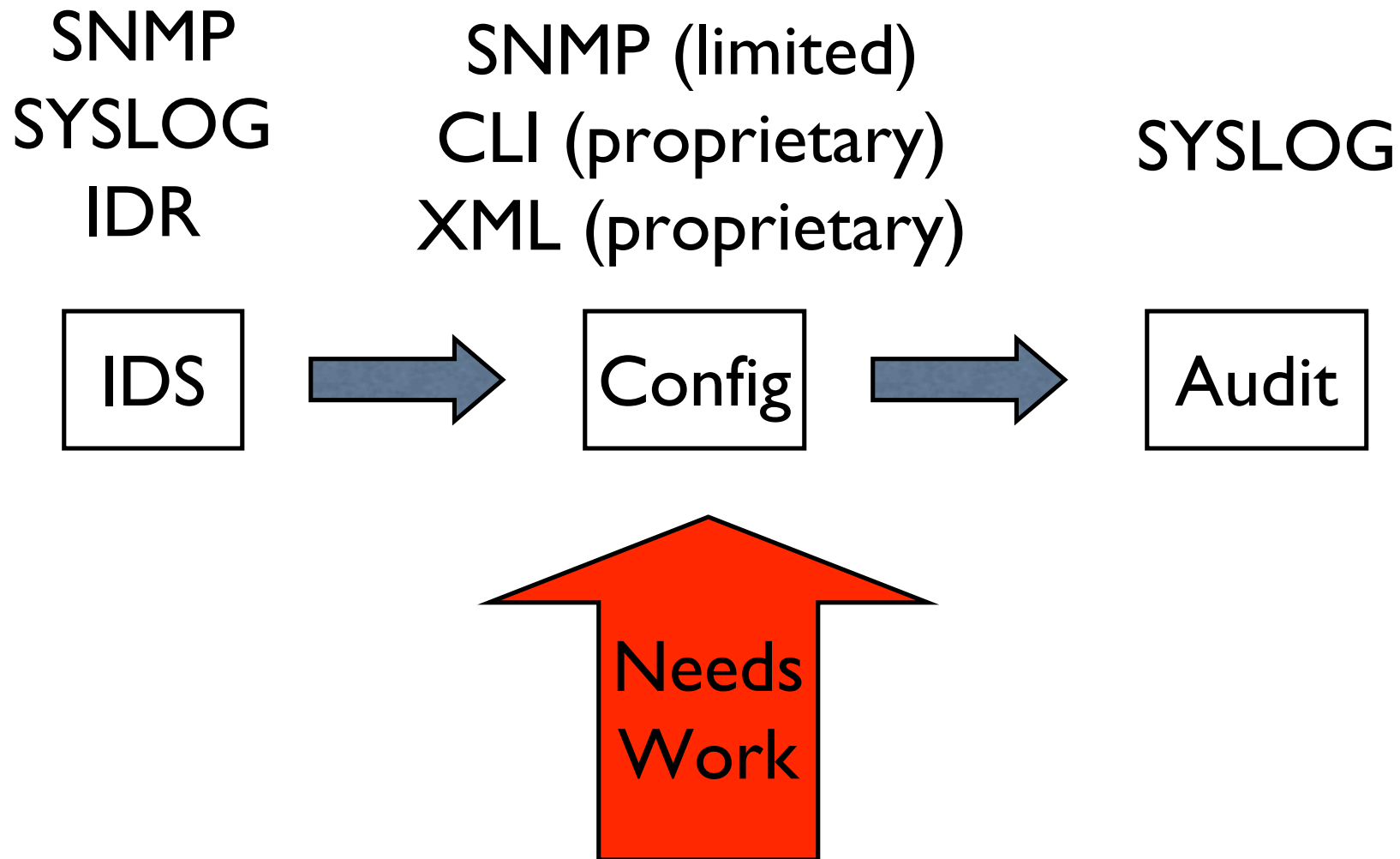
The more it touches your network, the more  
You pay for it

# But What's Needed to support that?



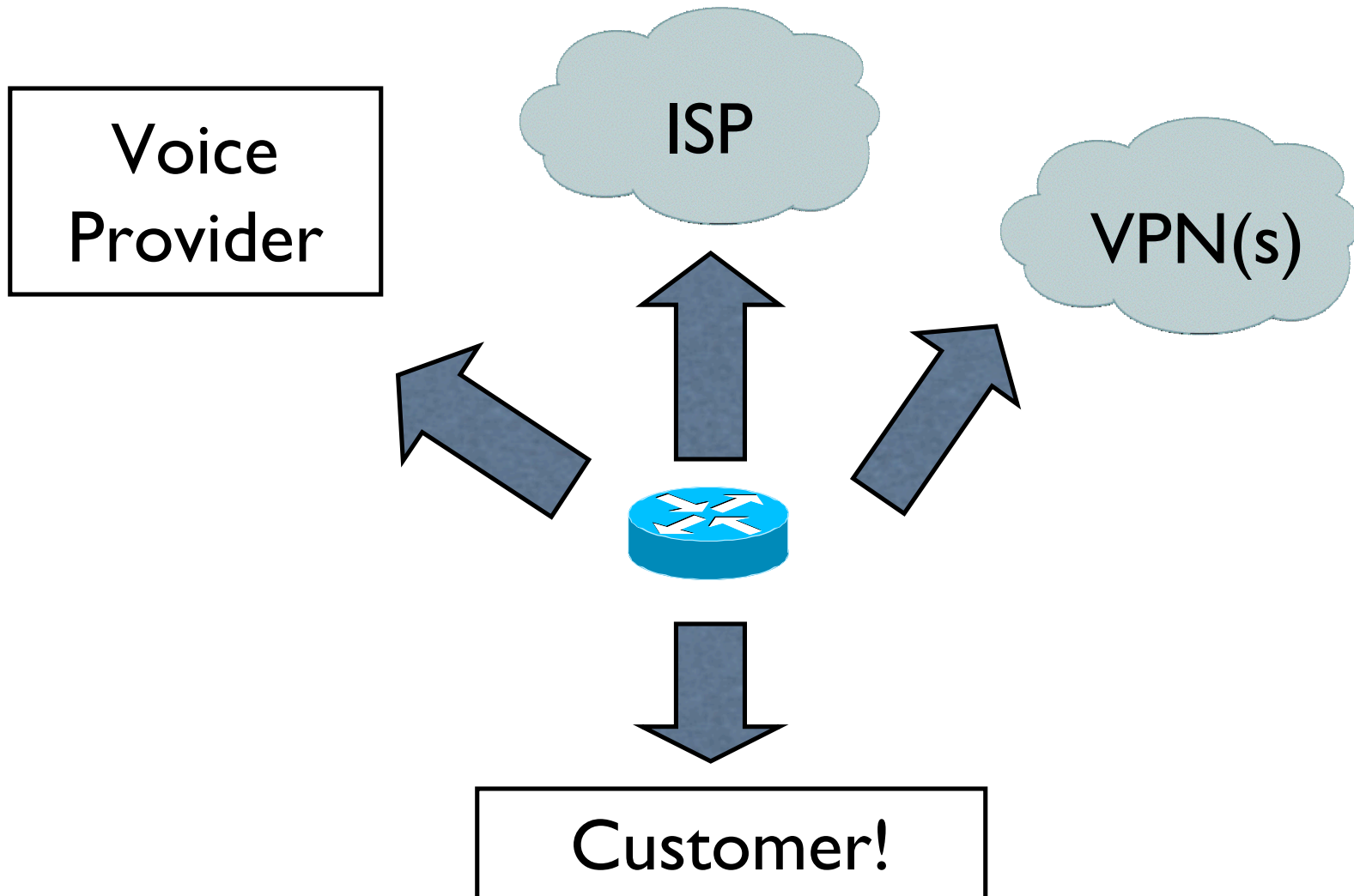
How does this system behave with a virus?

# What's the interface?

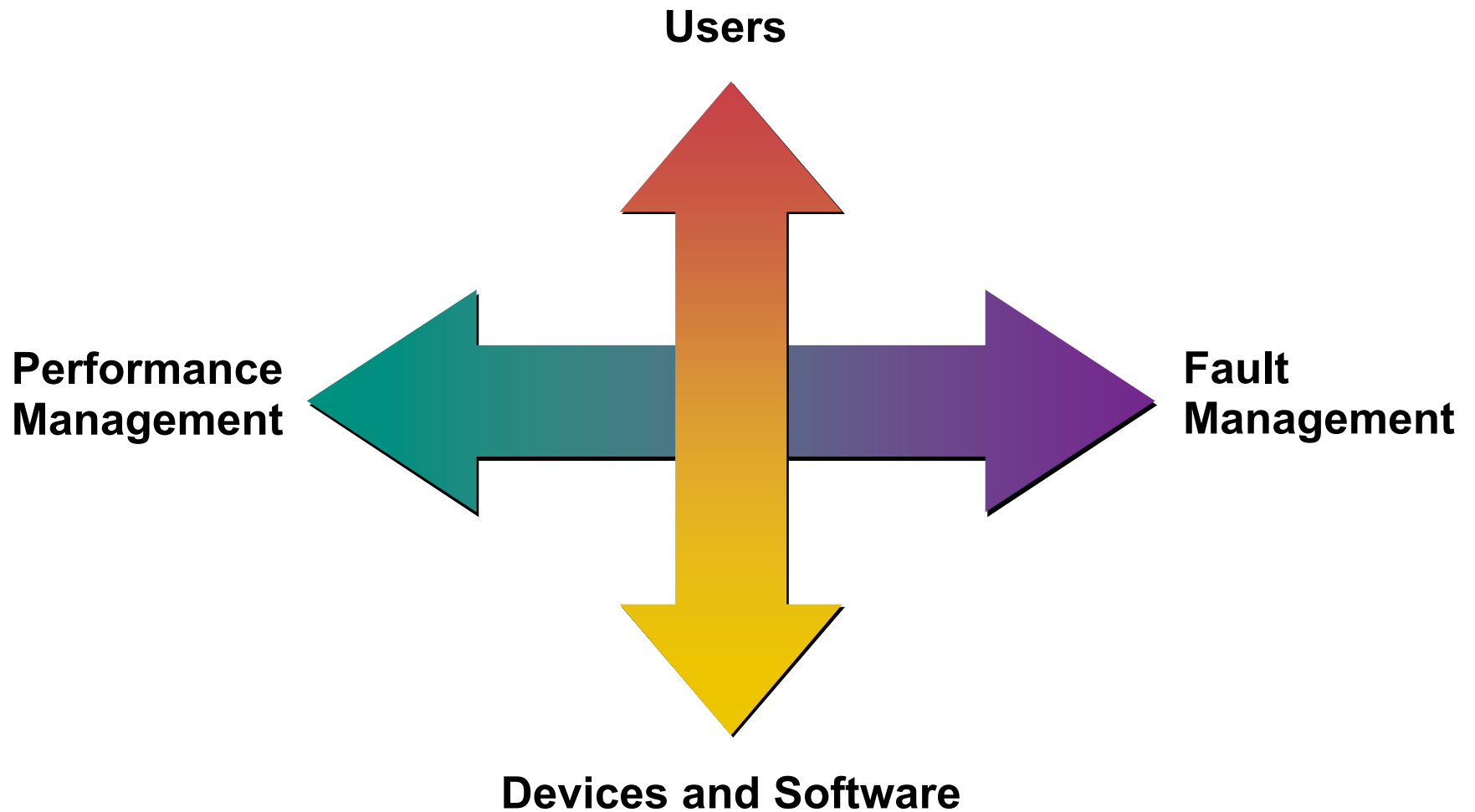




# Remember This?



# Performance v. Fault Management

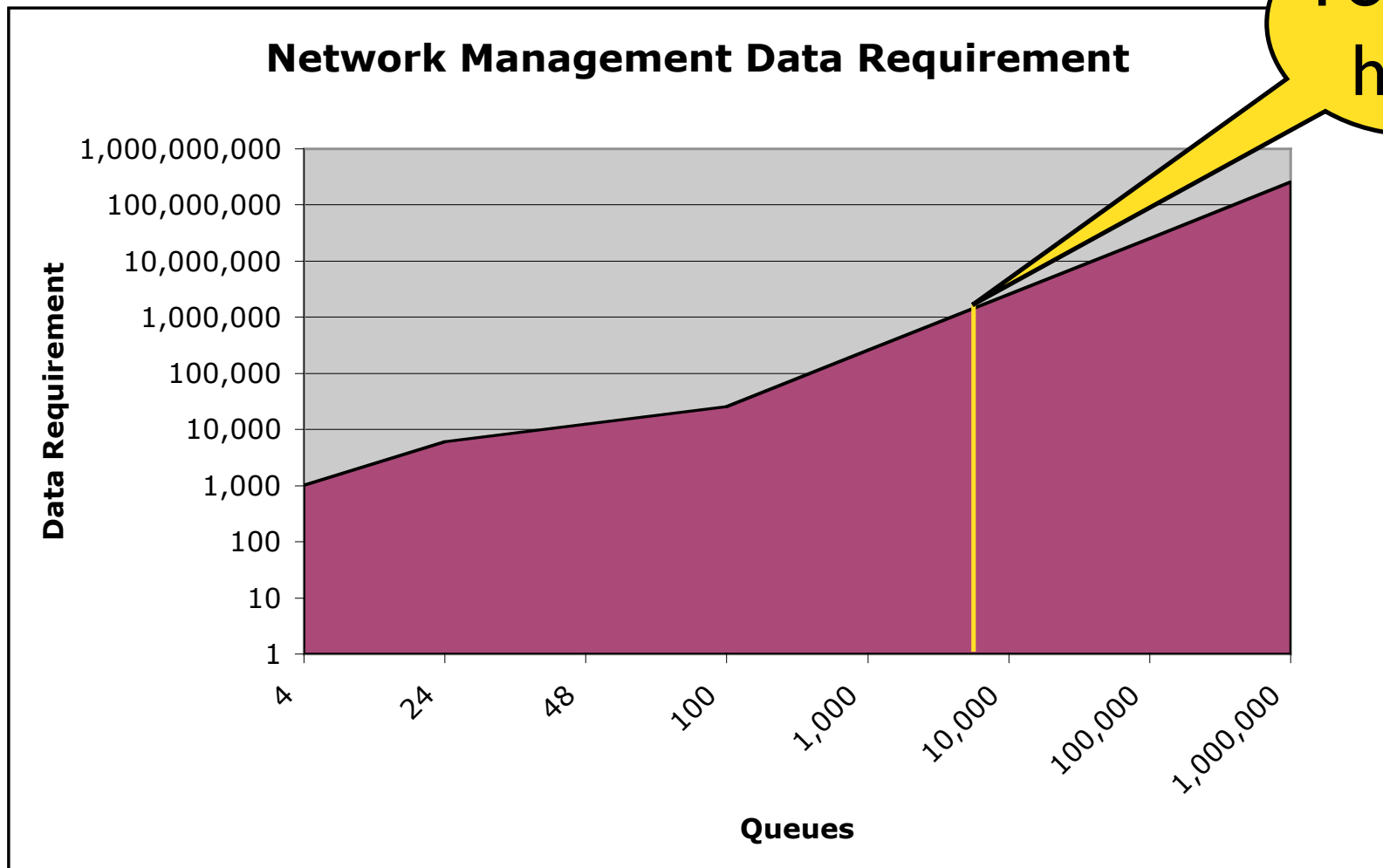


# Latency as a detective's tool?

- Latency from New York to London on a clear link should be (round trip) 70ms.
- What happens when it's less than that?!
- A violation of the law of physics is a clear sign of an anomaly.

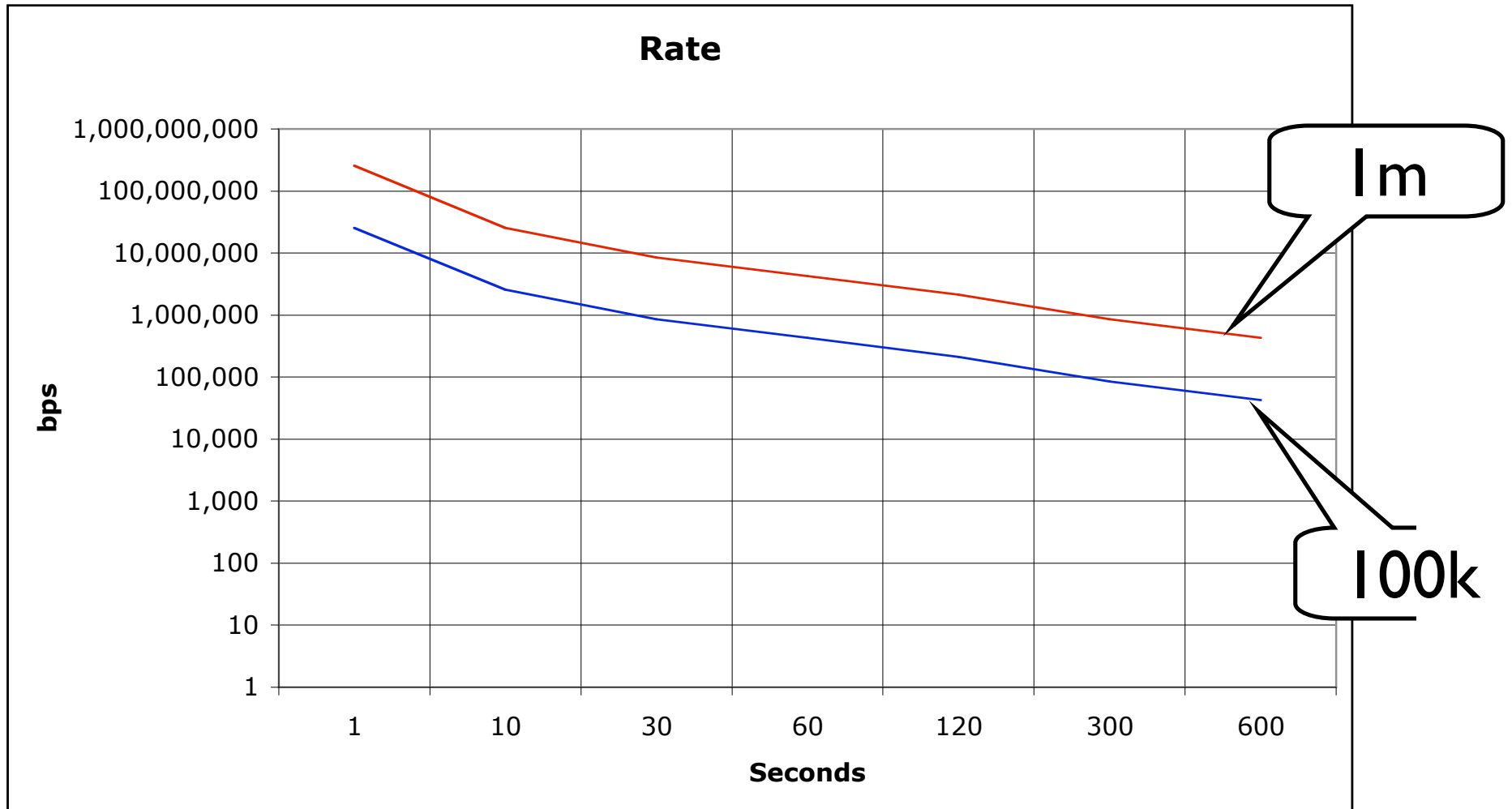
Latency between two points has an expected value. But is it worth checking?

# How much data can you handle?



You are here

# Data Processing Rate



# Configuration Management



And then there's my  
car



# Common Features

- Steering wheel
- Clutch, as & brake pedals
- Four doors
- Mirrors
- Ignition Key

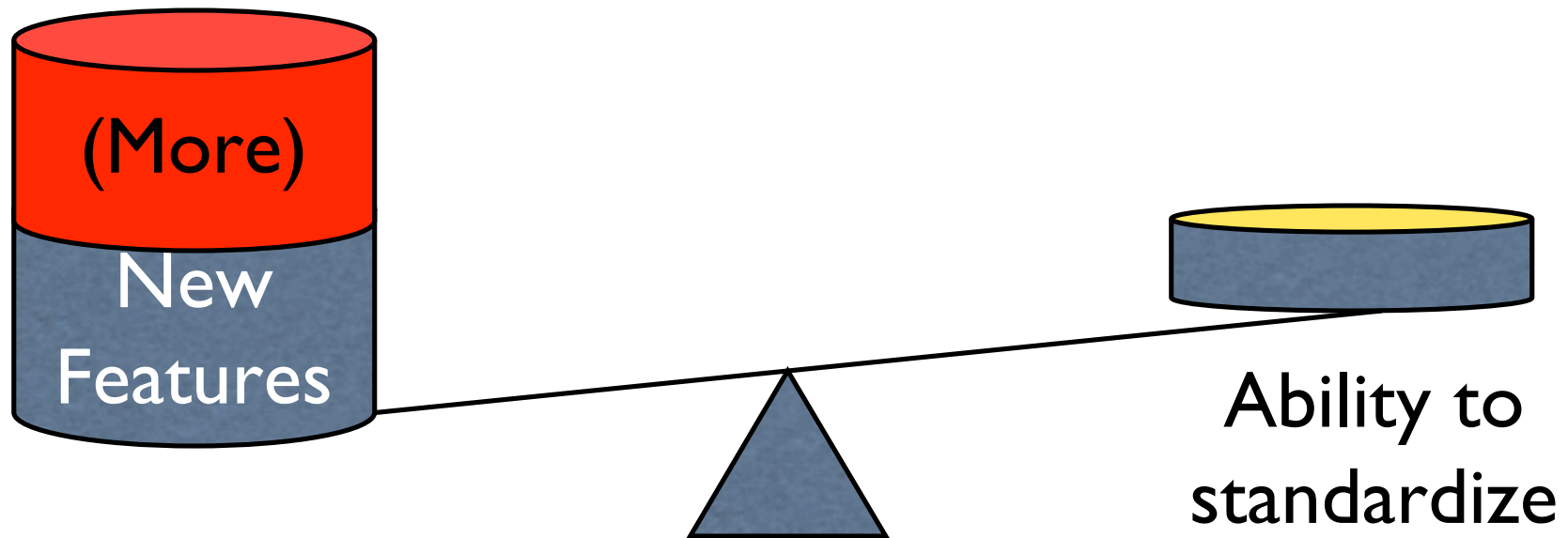
If you can drive one, you can drive the other



# “Differentiators”

- Automatic windshield wipers on right stalk
- Cruise control on lower left stalk.
- “Improved” turn-signal control
- Six speed
- Traction control system
- Information management system

# Why we're not there?



# Technologies Mature

- UNIX has had over 30 years to mature.
  - POSIX works great away from h/w
- IP management is a bit behind.
- This is not entirely bad.

# \*NIX

Configuration Components	How?
Passwd/group information	Shadow / Kerberos / LDAP
Standard Tasks	Cron / AT
Application Components (sendmail, http)	Small number of well known configuration languages
User Configuration	~/.{files}
Device configuration	??? -- maybe /etc/sysconfig or /proc ???

# And with Network Elements?

- IP addresses, subnet masks of interfaces
- Basic routing parameters for routers
  - BGP neighbors, IGP configuration
- Basic SNMP configuration

Far more is still proprietary!

# Config. Standards Progression

Date	What	Purpose
CLI	1970s	Everything
SNMPv1	1988	Monitoring
TL1	1980s	Config & Monitoring
SOAP/XML/ WSDL	1999-now	RPC

# XML What?!

- Just <>s without common schema
- Common schema is hard
  - getting this right will take years
- And we need a **STANDARD** way to transport XML for network management
- We think we have one just about cooked

# NETCONF

- Uses BEEP for protocol reversability
- Also mapped to SSH for those who prefer it
- Data-model agnostic
- Provides for numerous device operating models (big and small)
- It's not quite done -- we could use help

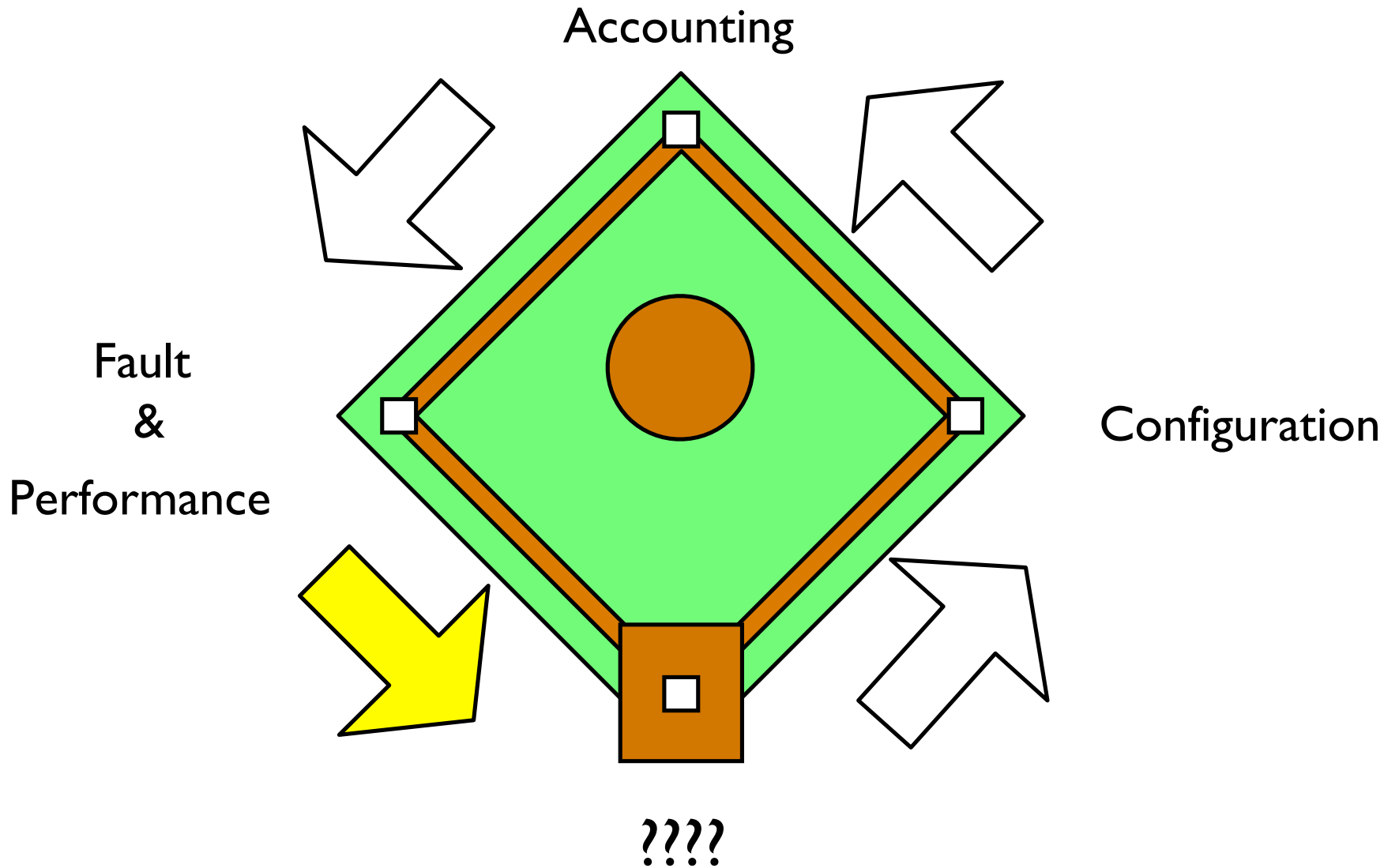


# What to do?

Use the Force.

The Internet Engineering Task Force

# What's a home run??



# Identity Management

- Inside the company we do well
- Consumers are feeling the pain
  - Multiple passwords for numerous services
  - Identity theft
  - Loss of privacy

# Getting In to My Bank



+



- + 8 digit user name
- + challenge / response
- + PIN

This might be okay if it were **just** my bank.

# Unified Identities: Many Have Tried!

- Major PC OS vendors
- Large Phone manufacturers
- Small Password Protection Programs
- International credit card companies

Each wants to be king of the mountain

# Start Small, Grasshopper

- Standard username/password interface?
- Let the users control access to their identities
- Maybe work with smart card folk to standardize secure interface
- Maybe listen to Bruce Schneier talk more

If we solve this one, maybe we solve spam.

# What I'm saying...

- Too much of anything (data) is a BAD thing
  - We need to figure better ways to aggregate and reduce
- Some linkage is still missing for automation
  - Provisioning is hard (still) but not impossible
- Security Management and Network Management are very tightly related
- Expect more from your local router
- We're awash in keys!

Thanks for your time and help.