



SRUTI '05

Steps to Reducing
Unwanted Traffic on
the Internet Workshop

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Lightweight Encryption for Email

Ben Adida

ben@mit.edu

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joint work with

Susan Hohenberger and **Ronald L. Rivest**
MIT Cryptography and Information Security Group

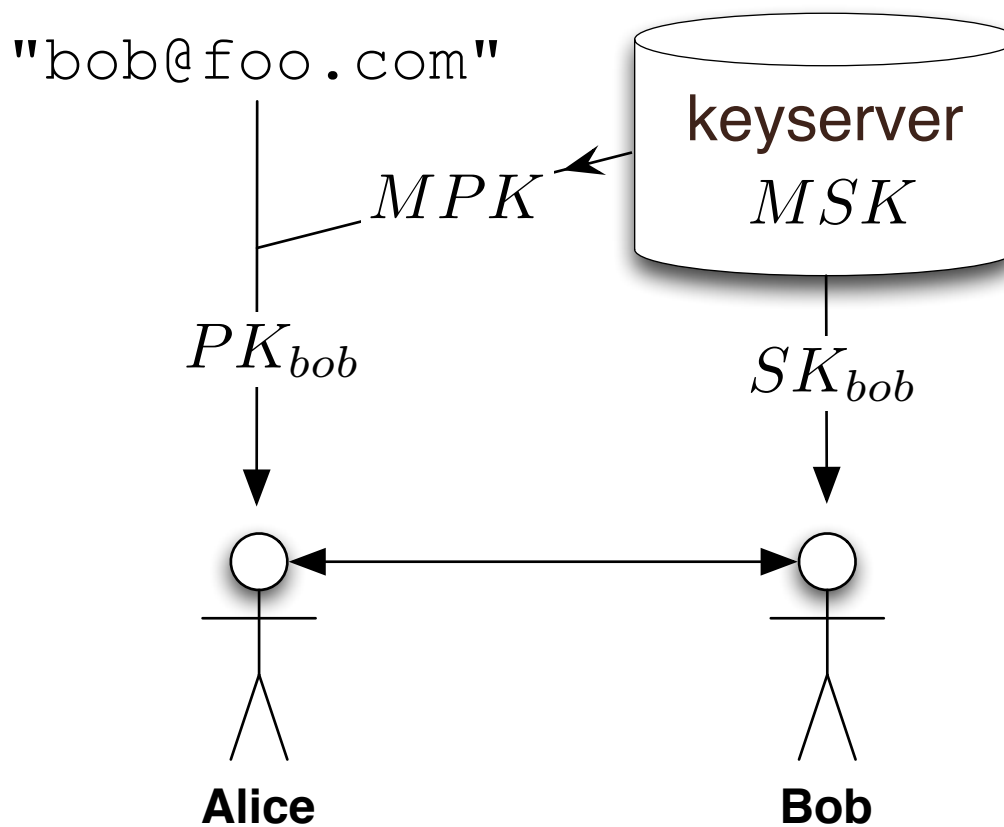
Motivation

- To Improve/Restore the Usefulness of Email
- Lightweight Trust for Email Signatures
[ACHR2005]
- Can we get reasonable encryption from similar simplified key management?

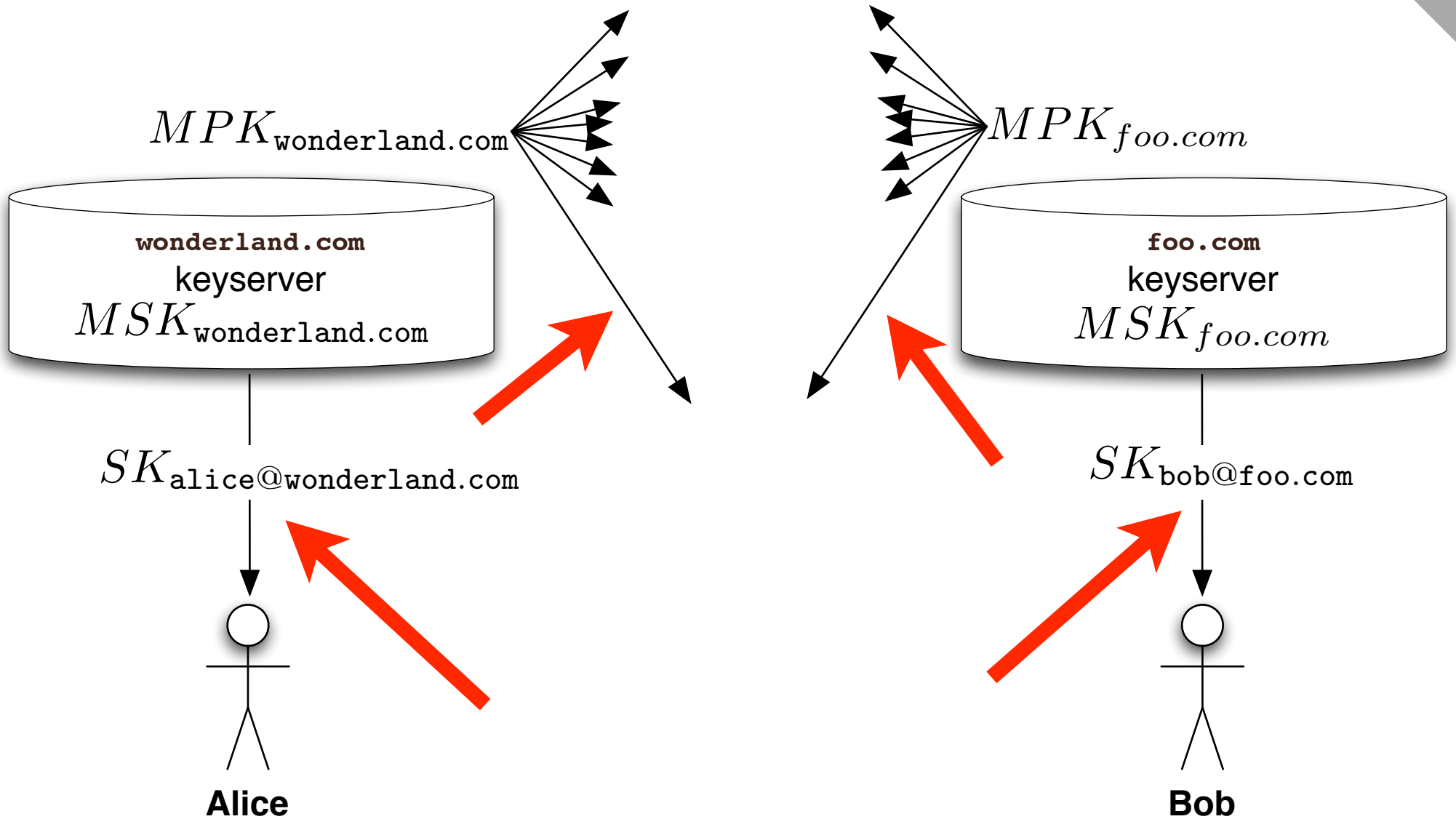
Lightweight Signatures

- Makes forging email from bob@foo.com as difficult as receiving Bob's email.
- No explicit user key management
- Uses only existing infrastructure

ID-Based Crypto

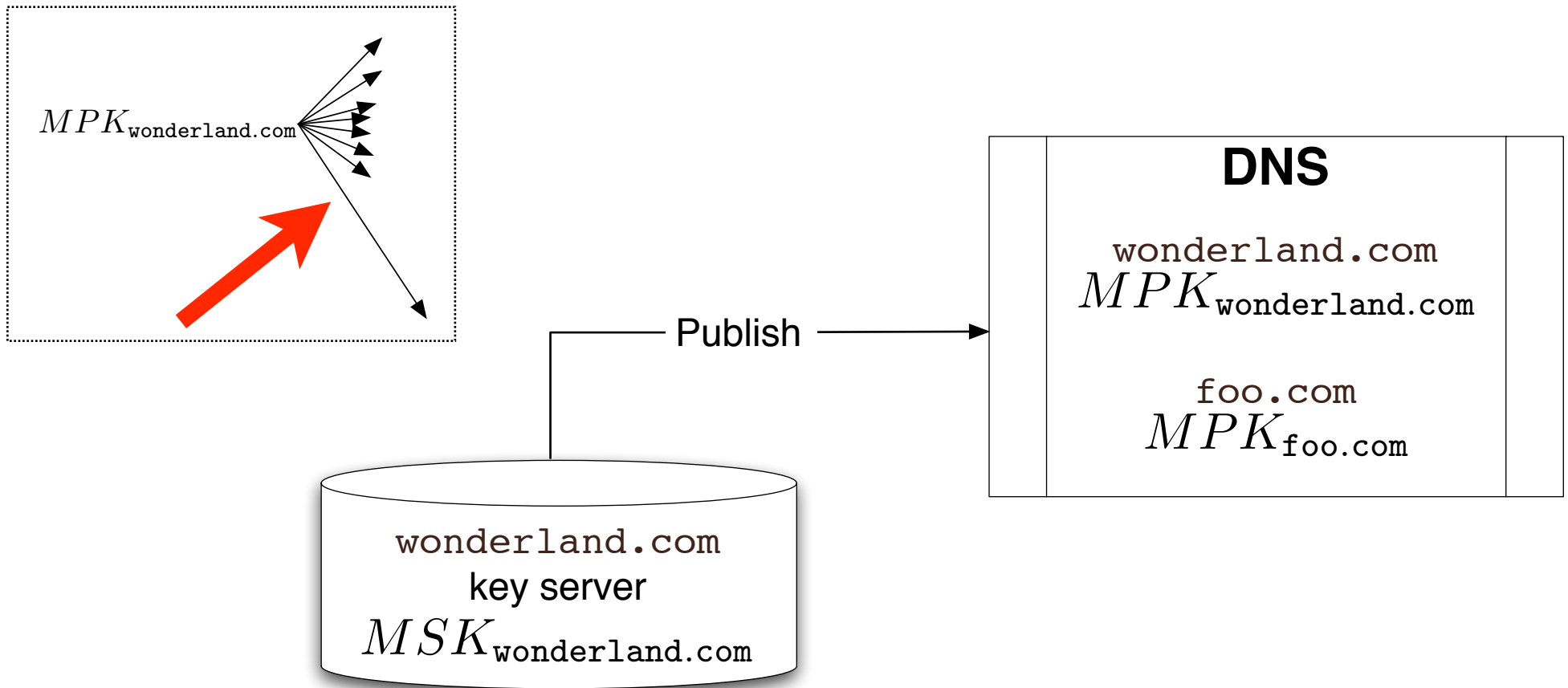


ID-based Domains



DNS to distribute Master Public Keys

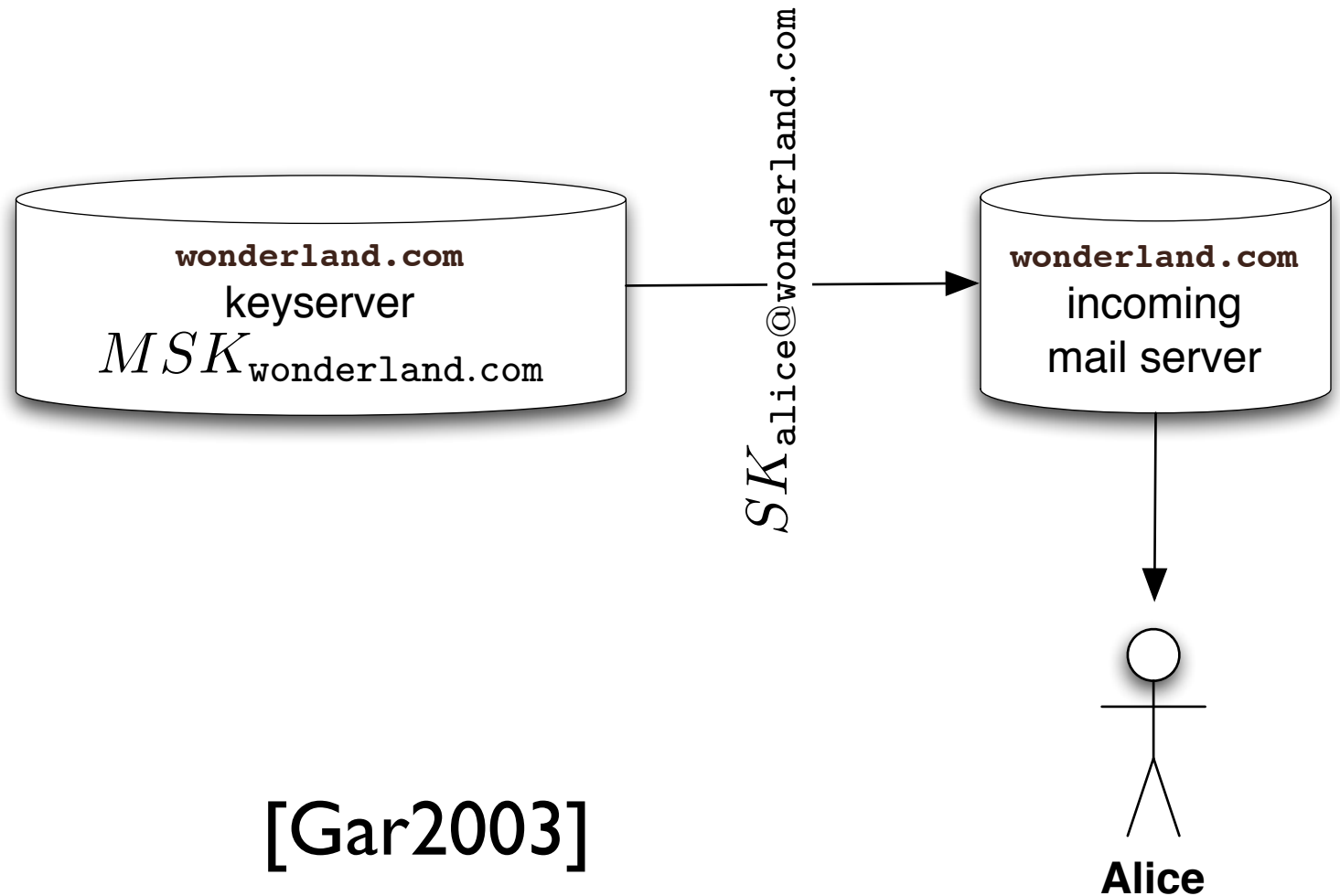
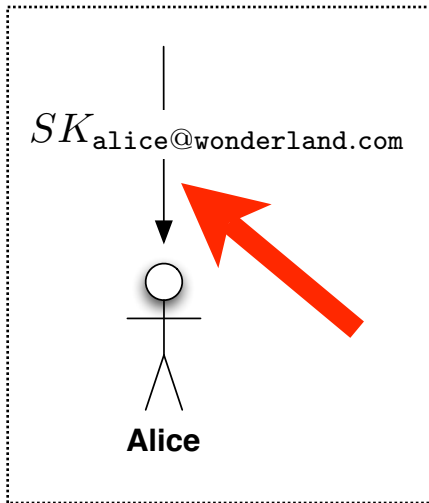
Review



[DomainKeys]

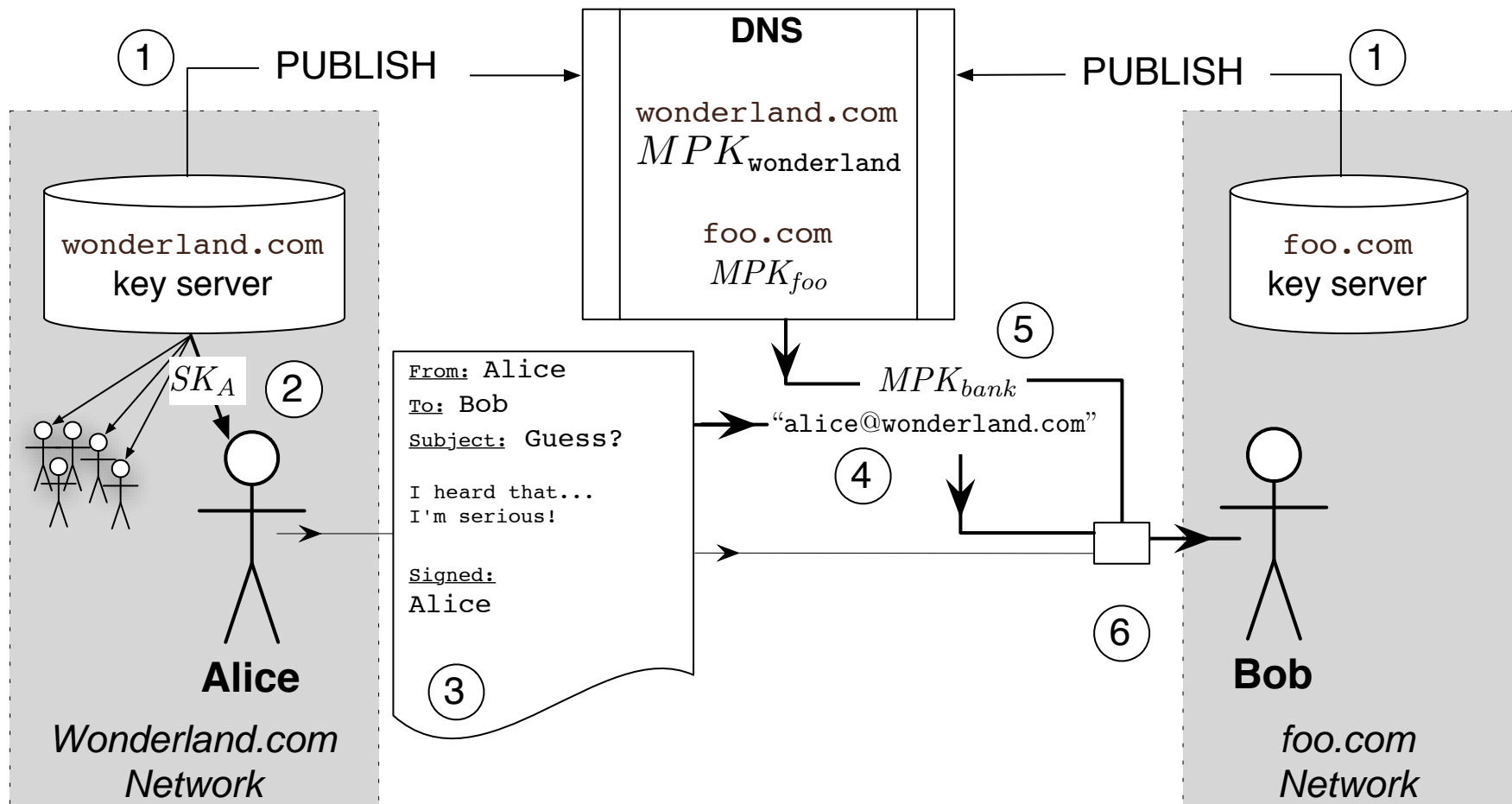
Email-Based Authentication

Review

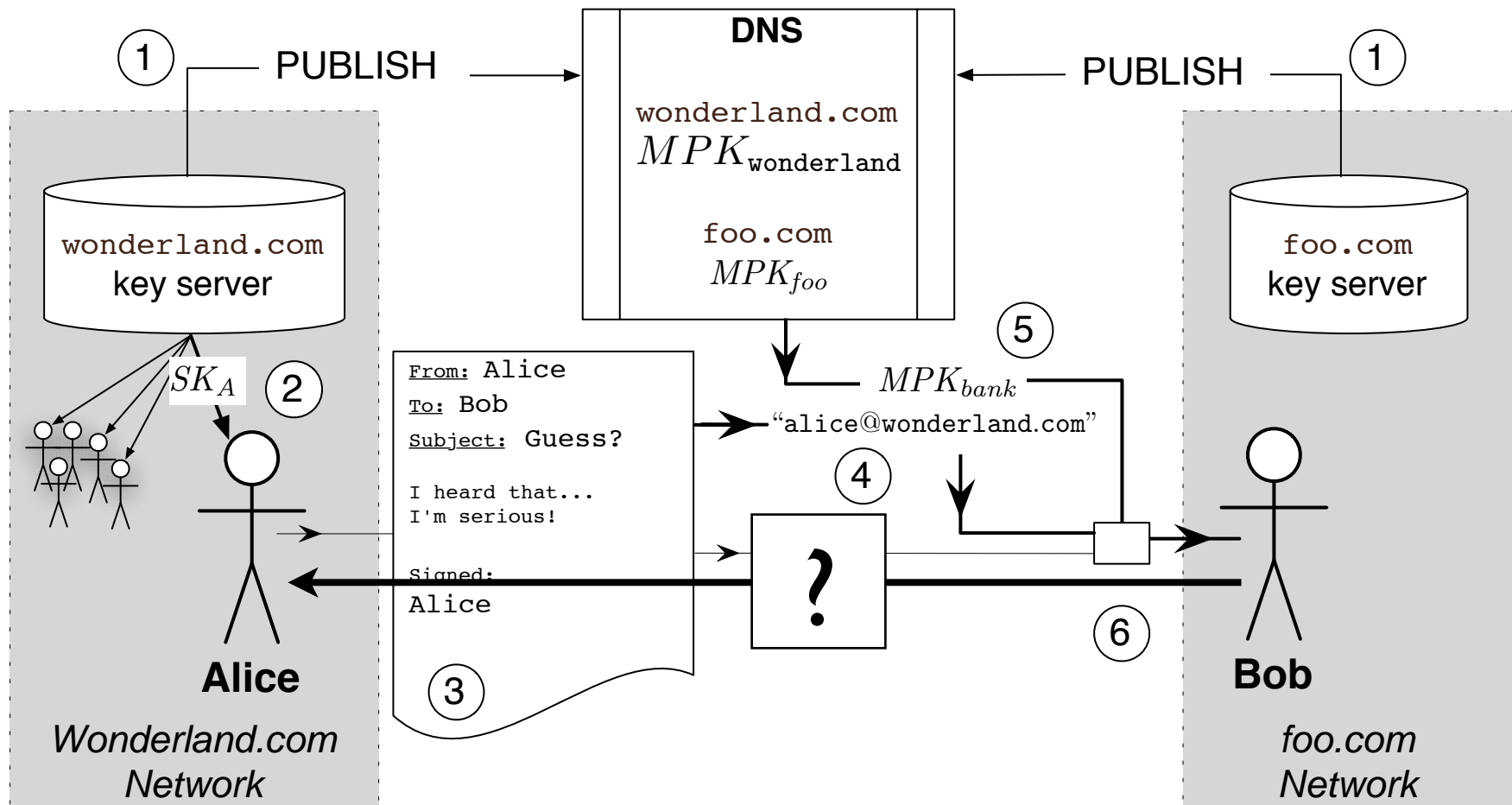


[Gar2003]

Lightweight Sigs



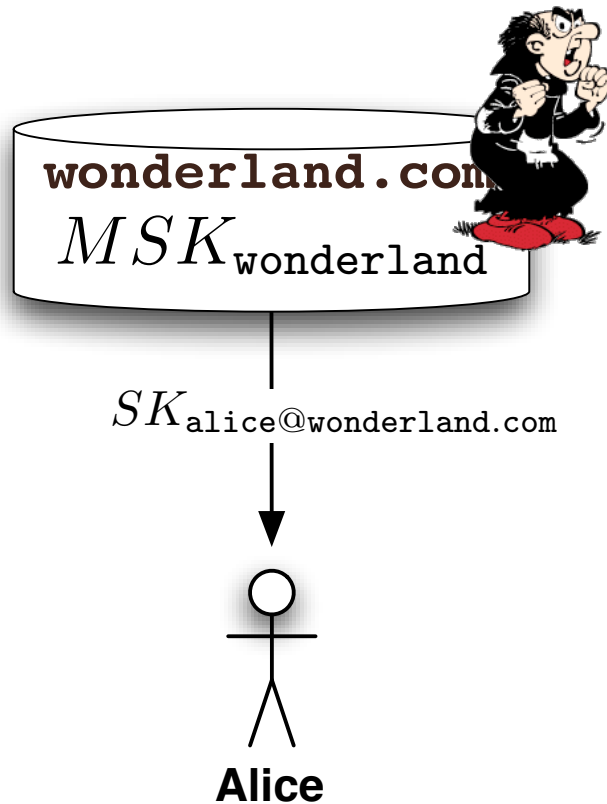
For Encryption?



Threat Model

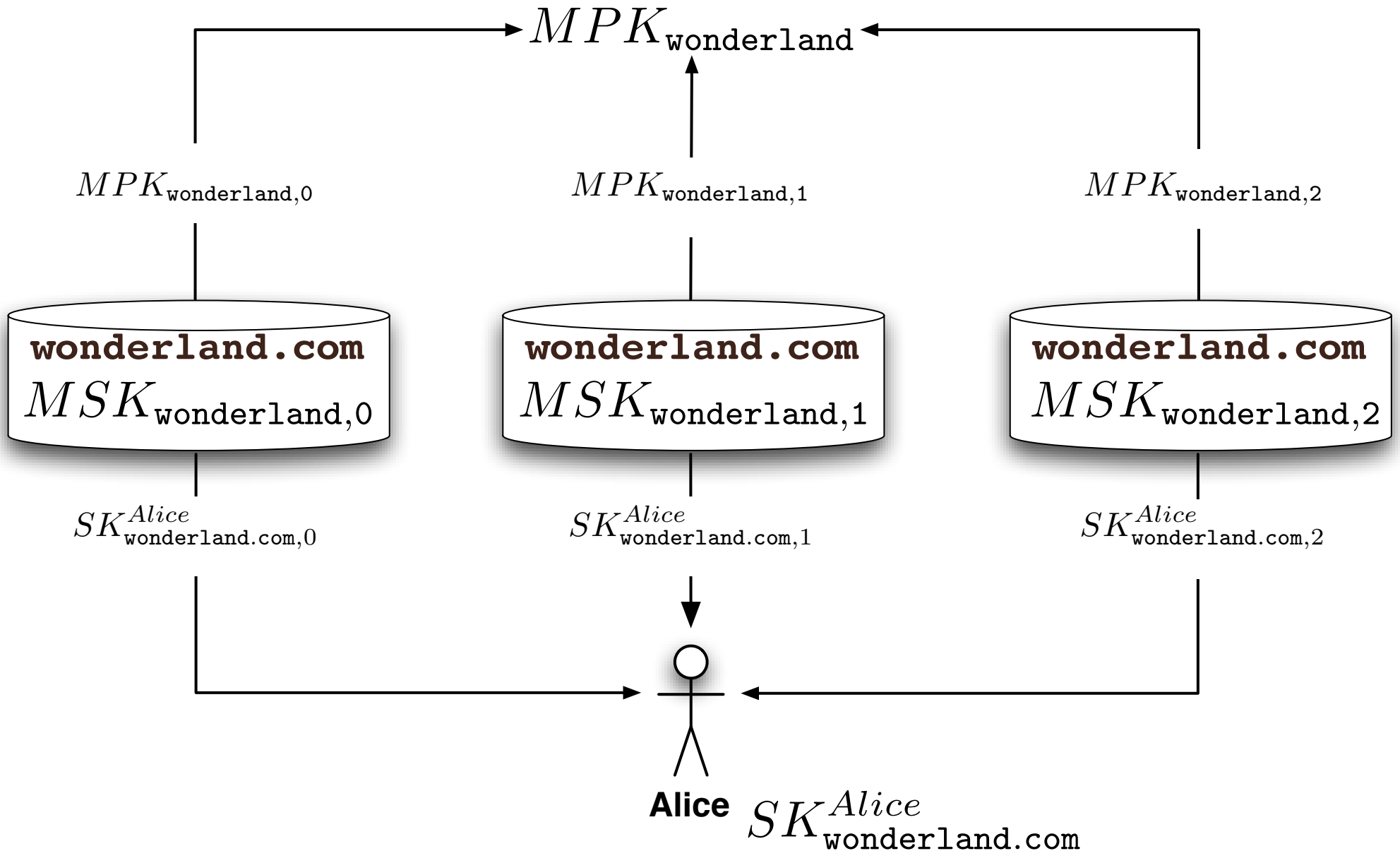
- Assume your incoming mail server won't actively spoof/attack you.
- **Signatures**
If the MSK is compromised, simply change the MSK/MPK (DNS updates).
- **Encryption**
Different story....

Threat #1: MSK compromise

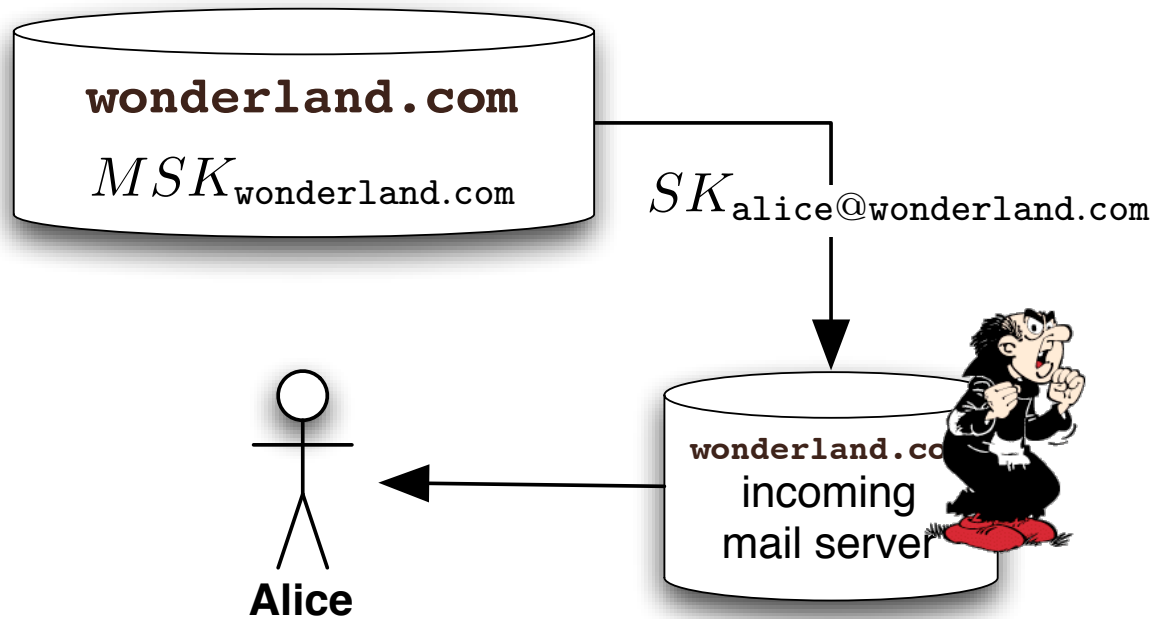


- all **past** encrypted emails are immediately compromised.
- if the MSK compromise is discreet, then all **future** encrypted emails are also compromised. (hacking into a keyserver).

Splitting Keys

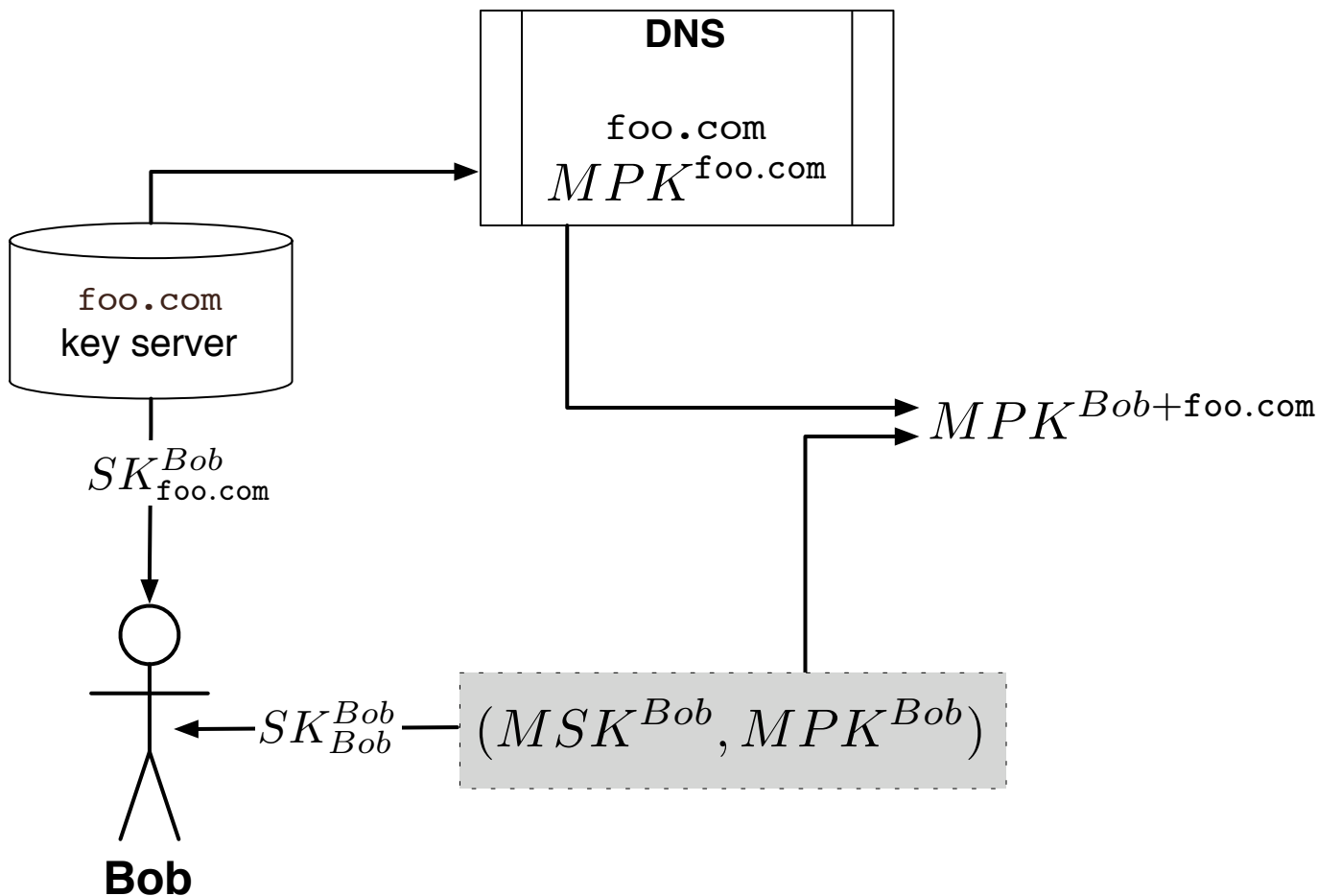


Threat #2: Corrupt Mail Server



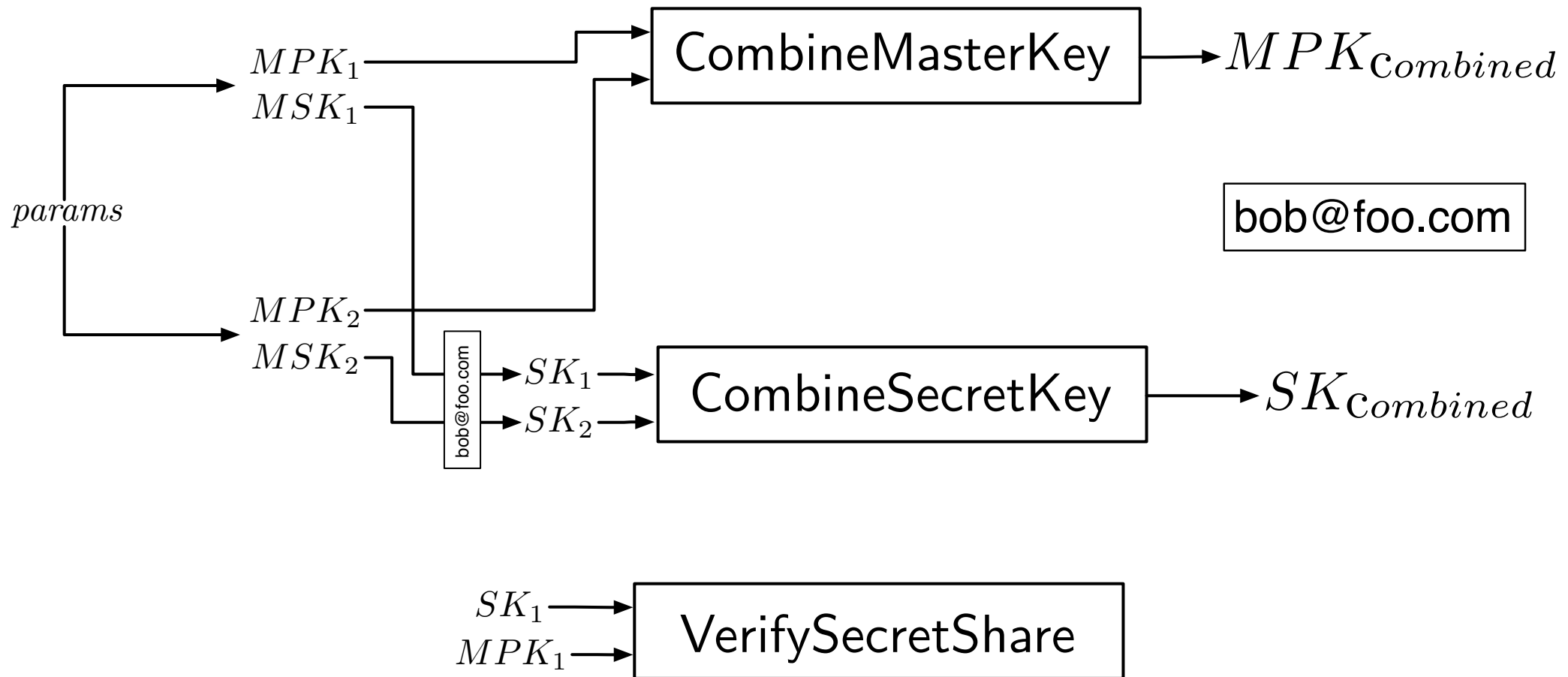
- a corrupt incoming mail server can decrypt and read all secret key material.
- a passive corrupt mail server can intercept all emails.
- even MSK splitting doesn't help.

Recombining Keys



- Bob generates a new MPK/MSK pair
- The combined SK matches the combined MPK.
- The combined MPK provides **certification** and **protection**.
- The second MPK component needs no certification!

Single Core Solution



Building These Features on
Boneh-Franklin and **Waters**
Identity-Based Encryption

Bilinear Maps

G_1, G_2 , both of prime order q

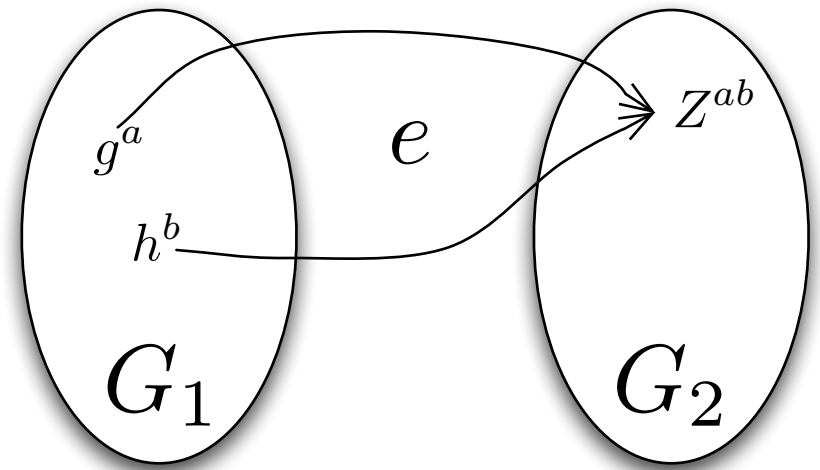
$$e : G_1 \times G_1 \rightarrow G_2$$

g, h generate G_1

$Z = e(g, h)$ generates G_2

$$e(g^a, h^b) = e(g, h)^{ab}$$

$$e(ug, h) = e(u, h)e(g, h)$$



Boneh-Franklin Keys

Public Parameters: G_1, G_2, q, g, H

$$MSK = s \in \mathcal{Z}_q$$

$$MPK = g^s \in G_1$$

$$PK_{ID} = H(ID)$$

$$SK_{ID} = H(ID)^s$$

Splitting & Recombining Boneh-Franklin Keys

[BF2000]

$$MSK_1 = s_1$$

$$MSK_2 = s_2$$

$$MPK_1 = g^{s_1}$$

$$MPK_2 = g^{s_2}$$

$$SK_1 = H(ID)^{s_1}$$

$$SK_2 = H(ID)^{s_2}$$

CombineMasterKey

$$MPK = MPK_1 \cdot MPK_2 = g^{s_1 + s_2}$$

CombineSecretKey

$$SK = SK_1 \cdot SK_2 = H(ID)^{s_1 + s_2}$$

$$\text{Effective } MSK = s_1 + s_2$$

Waters Keys

Public Parameters: G_1, G_2, q, g, h, F

$$MSK = h^s$$

$$MPK = g^s$$

$$PK_{ID} = F(ID)$$

$$SK_{ID} = (h^s F(ID)^r, g^r)$$

Splitting & Recombining Waters Keys

$$MSK_1 = h^{s_1}$$

$$MSK_2 = h^{s_2}$$

$$MPK_1 = g^{s_1}$$

$$MPK_2 = g^{s_2}$$

$$SK_1 = (h^{s_1} F(ID)^{r_1}, g^{r_1}) \quad SK_2 = (h^{s_2} F(ID)^{r_2}, g^{r_2})$$

CombineMasterKey

$$MPK = MPK_1 \cdot MPK_2 = g^{s_1 + s_2}$$

CombineSecretKey

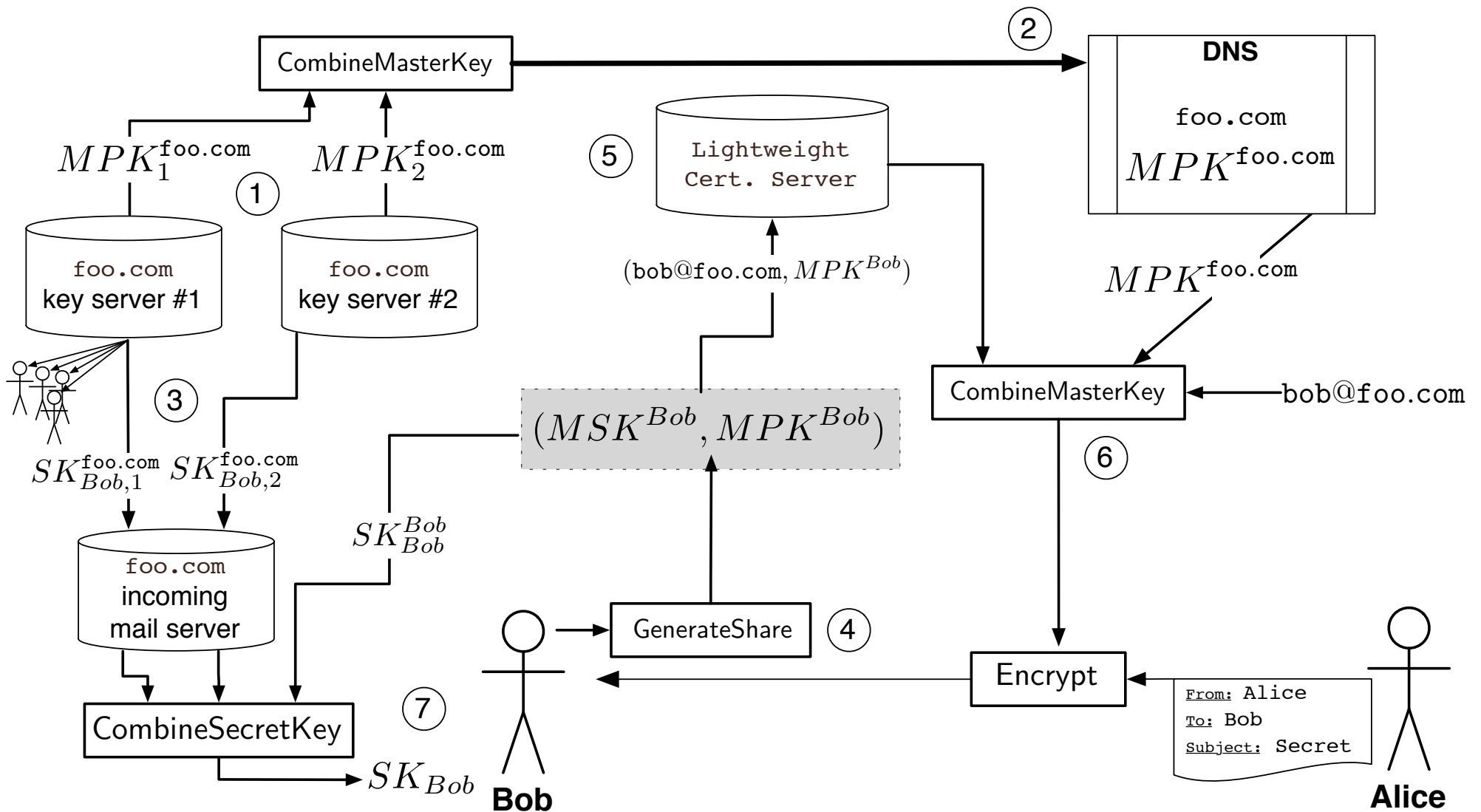
$$\begin{aligned} SK &= (h^{s_1} F(ID)^{r_1} \cdot h^{s_2} F(ID)^{r_2}, g^{r_1} \cdot g^{r_2}) \\ &= (h^{s_1 + s_2} F(ID)^{r_1 + r_2}, g^{r_1 + r_2}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Effective } MSK = g^{s_1 + s_2}$$

Additional Details

- **Malicious Share Generation:**
NIZK Proof of Knowledge of MSK share
- **Malicious SK Distribution:**
k-out-n shares using Lagrange coefficients
[GJKR99]

Putting it All Together



Alice's Point of View

- **Finding Bob's Public Key:**
automatic: a lookup, a computation against MPK. No trust decision necessary.
- **Decryption Key Management:**
automatic, just upgrade the mail client
- **Key Revocation, etc...:**
automatic, with upgraded mail client

Automation!

Summary

- Lightweight key infrastructure is not enough for encryption
- To protect against MSK compromise: **key splitting**
- To protect against mail server compromise: **key recombination**
- Both can be accomplished with the same trick on Boneh-Franklin and Waters keys



Questions?



Backup Slides

Another Solution

