Caching less for better performance: Balancing cache size and update cost of flash memory cache in hybrid storage systems

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Hybrid Storage System

Over-Provisioned Space (OPS)

- Combine SSDs and HDDs
 SSD-like performance for HDD-like price
- SSDs used as Flash Cache
- Issues in Flash Cache
 - Performance
 - Garbage collection (GC)
 - Lifetime

- Reserved space for GC in Flash Cache
 Greatly influence GC cost and hit rate
 In typical SSDs OPS size is FIXED to an undisclosed size
 - Cannot adapt to workload changes & GC cost



Our Goal: Find Optimal OPS Size



• Erase count

OP-FCL (Optimal Partitioning-Flash Cache Layer): Workload Dependent Optimal Partitioning



Performance Evaluation

Hybrid Storage Simulator
CMU DiskSim 4.0+MSR SSD extension
– 16GB Flash Cache+10K RPM HDDs

Flash Cache Layers

- FP-FCL (Fixed Partitioning) – Conventional Hybrid Storage
- RW-FCL (Read Write Partitioning)



Fixed OPS size with Read/Write Partitioning
 OP-FCL (Optimal Partitioning) that we propose

Workload

- Exchange Server
- See the paper for more results!

Conclusion

- •Trade-off exists
 - Caching Benefit vs. Update Cost
- OP-FCL balancing caching space and OPS sizes
 - Provides near optimal performance
 - Improves lifetime of Flash Cache

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